



KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthouse
516 Third Avenue
Seattle, WA 98104

Signature Report

June 15, 2000

Ordinance 13875

Proposed No. 1999-0494.2

Sponsors Derdowski and Irons

1 AN ORDINANCE relating to comprehensive planning and
2 zoning; adopting amendments to the 1994 King County
3 Comprehensive Plan and area zoning, in compliance with the
4 Washington State Growth Management Act, as amended;
5 and amending Ordinance 263, Article 2, Section 1, as
6 amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.010 and Ordinance 12824,
7 Appendix A.

8
9 **PREAMBLE:**

10 For the purpose of effective land use planning and regulation, the King
11 County council makes the following legislative findings:

12 King County has adopted the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan,
13 to meet the requirements of the Washington State Growth Management
14 Act.

15 While the Washington State Growth Management Act and K.C.C.
16 chapter 20.18 generally require the county's Comprehensive Plan to be
17 amended only once a year, a subarea plan may be adopted at any time.



18 King County, with assistance of citizens of King County, business and
19 community representatives, other public agencies and service
20 providers, has studied and considered the proposed Fall City subarea
21 plan recommendations and has considered their cumulative
22 environmental impacts.

23 BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

24 SECTION 1. Ordinance 263, Article 2, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C.
25 20.12.010 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

26 **Comprehensive ((p))Plan adopted.**

27 A. Under the ((provisions of the)) King County Charter, ((King County's
28 constitutional authority)) the state Constitution and ((pursuant to)) the Washington State
29 Growth Management Act, chapter 36.70A RCW, the 1994 King County Comprehensive
30 Plan is adopted and declared to be the ((e))Comprehensive ((p))Plan for King County
31 until amended, repealed((;)) or superseded. The ((e))Comprehensive ((p))Plan shall be
32 the principal planning document for the orderly physical development of the county and
33 shall be used to guide subarea plans, functional plans, provision of public facilities and
34 services, review of proposed incorporations and annexations, development regulations
35 and land development decisions.

36 B. The amendments to the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan contained in
37 Appendix A to Ordinance 12061 (King County Comprehensive Plan 1995 amendments)
38 are hereby adopted.

39 C. The amendments to the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan contained in
40 Attachment A to Ordinance 12170 are hereby adopted to comply with the Central Puget

41 Sound Growth Management Hearings Board Decision and Order in Vashon-Maury
42 Island, et. al. v. King County, Case No. 95-3-0008.

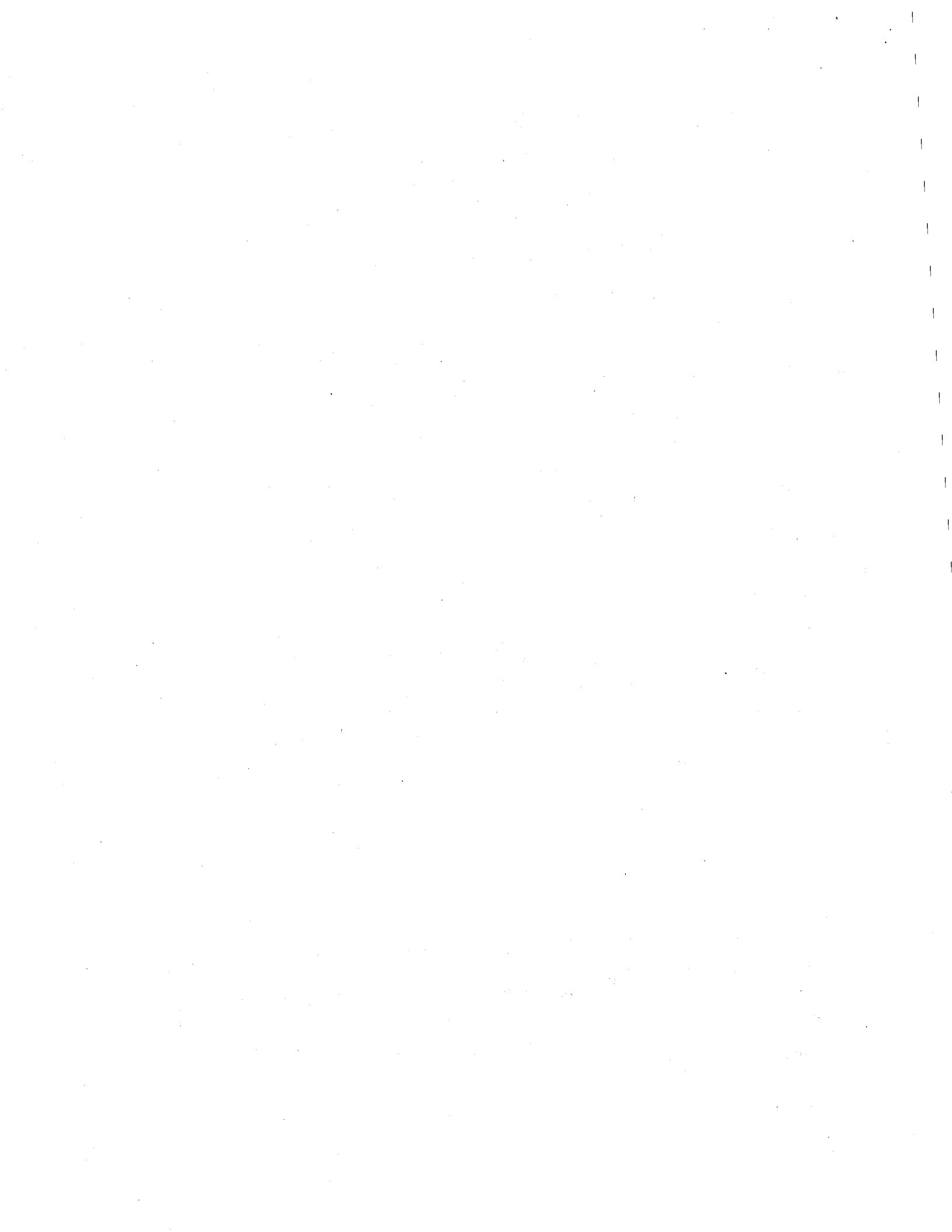
43 D. The Vashon Town Plan((;)) contained in Attachment 1 to Ordinance 12395 is
44 adopted as a subarea plan of the King County Comprehensive Plan and, as such,
45 constitutes official county policy for the geographic area of unincorporated King County
46 defined ((therein)) in the plan and ((amending)) amends the 1994 King County
47 Comprehensive Plan Land Use Map.

48 E. The amendments to the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan contained in
49 Appendix A to Ordinance 12501 are hereby adopted to comply with the Order of the
50 Central Puget Sound Growth Management Hearings Board in Copac-Preston Mill, Inc., et
51 al, v. King County, Case No. 96-3-0013 as amendments to the King County
52 Comprehensive Plan.

53 F. The amendments to the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan contained in
54 Appendix A to Ordinance 12531 (King County Comprehensive Plan 1996 amendments)
55 are hereby adopted as amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan.

56 G. The Black Diamond Urban Growth Area contained in Appendix A to
57 Ordinance 12533 is hereby adopted as an amendment to the King County Comprehensive
58 Plan.

59 H. The 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan and Comprehensive Plan Land
60 Use Map are amended to include the area shown in Appendix A of Ordinance 12535 as
61 Rural City Urban Growth Area. The language from Section 1D of Ordinance 12535 shall
62 be placed on Comprehensive Plan Land Use Map page #32 with a reference marker on
63 the area affected by Ordinance 12535.



64 I. The amendments to the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan (~~contained in~~
65 ~~the 1997 Transportation Needs report,~~) contained in Appendix A to Ordinance 12536
66 (1997 Transportation Need Report)(~~(s)~~) are hereby adopted as amendments to the King
67 County Comprehensive Plan.

68 J. The amendments to the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan contained in
69 Appendix A to Ordinance 12927 (King County Comprehensive Plan 1997 amendments)
70 are hereby adopted as amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan.

71 K. The amendments to the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan contained in
72 the 1998 Transportation Needs Report, contained in Appendices A and B to Ordinance
73 12931 and in the supporting text, are hereby adopted as amendments to the King County
74 Comprehensive Plan.

75 L. The amendments to the 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan contained in
76 Appendix A to Ordinance 13273 (King County Comprehensive Plan 1998 amendments)
77 are hereby adopted as amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan.

78 M. The 1999 Transportation Needs Report contained in Attachment A to
79 Ordinance 13339 is hereby adopted as an amendment to the 1994 King County
80 Comprehensive Plan, Technical Appendix C, and the amendments to the 1994 King
81 County Comprehensive Plan contained in Attachment B to Ordinance 13339 are hereby
82 adopted as amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan.

83 N. The Fall City Subarea Plan contained in Attachment A to this ordinance is
84 adopted as a subarea plan of the King County Comprehensive Plan and, as such,
85 constitutes official county policy for the geographic area of unincorporated King County
86 defined in the plan. The Fall City Subarea Plan amends the 1994 King County

87 Comprehensive Plan land use map by revising the Rural Town boundaries of Fall City.

88 O. The amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan contained in
89 Attachment B to this ordinance are hereby adopted as amendments to the King County
90 Comprehensive Plan.

91 P. The Fall City area zoning amendments contained in Attachment A to this
92 ordinance are adopted as the zoning control for those portions of unincorporated King
93 County defined in the attachment. Existing property-specific development standards (p-
94 suffix conditions) on parcels affected by Attachment A to this ordinance do not change
95 except as specifically provided in Attachment A to this ordinance.

96 SECTION 2. Property-specific development standards adopted, repealed or
97 amended by Attachment A to this ordinance amend Appendix A of Ordinance 12824.

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SECTION 3. Severability. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to

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any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the

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application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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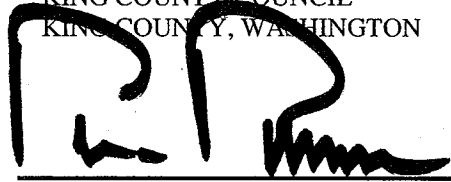
Ordinance 13875 was introduced on 9/13/99 and passed as amended by the Metropolitan King County Council on 6/12/00, by the following vote:

Yes: 8 - Ms. Miller, Ms. Fimia, Mr. Phillips, Mr. Pelz, Ms. Sullivan, Mr. Nickels, Mr. Gossett and Mr. Irons

No: 5 - Mr. von Reichbauer, Mr. McKenna, Mr. Pullen, Ms. Hague and Mr. Vance

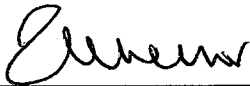
Excused: 0

KING COUNTY COUNCIL
KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON



Pete von Reichbauer, Chair

ATTEST:



Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council

APPROVED this 23 day of June, 2000.



Ron Sims, County Executive

Attachments

A. Fall City Subarea Plan, Area Zoning and KCCP map and policy amendments as recommended by the GMUAC on 3-28-00 and amended by the Council on 6/12/00.



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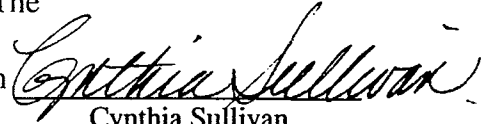
Fall City Subarea Plan

AMENDMENT LU&Z-1

LU&Z-1

June 12, 2000

Ms. Sullivan moved Amendment LU&Z-1. The motion PASSED 7 to 6, Mr. Irons, Mr. McKenna, Mr. Vance, Ms. Hague, Mr. Pullen and Mr. von Reichbauer voting "no".



Cynthia Sullivan
Larry Phillips
Maggi Fimia

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 20, amend Policy RT-1 by changing the description of the Rural Town boundary to reflect the removal of the area shown on the attached map, and

On page 21, amend the Land Use Designation Map as follows:

Change the land use designation of the area described below and shown on the attached map from Rural Town to Rural Residential.

Area 1 (approximately 35 acres): The area bounded by 328th Avenue SE on the west, SE Issaquah-Fall City Road on the north, the Raging River on the east, and SE 48th Street on the south.

On page 22, amend the Proposed Area Zoning Map as follows:

Reclassify the area of property described below and illustrated on the attached map from R-4 to RA-5.

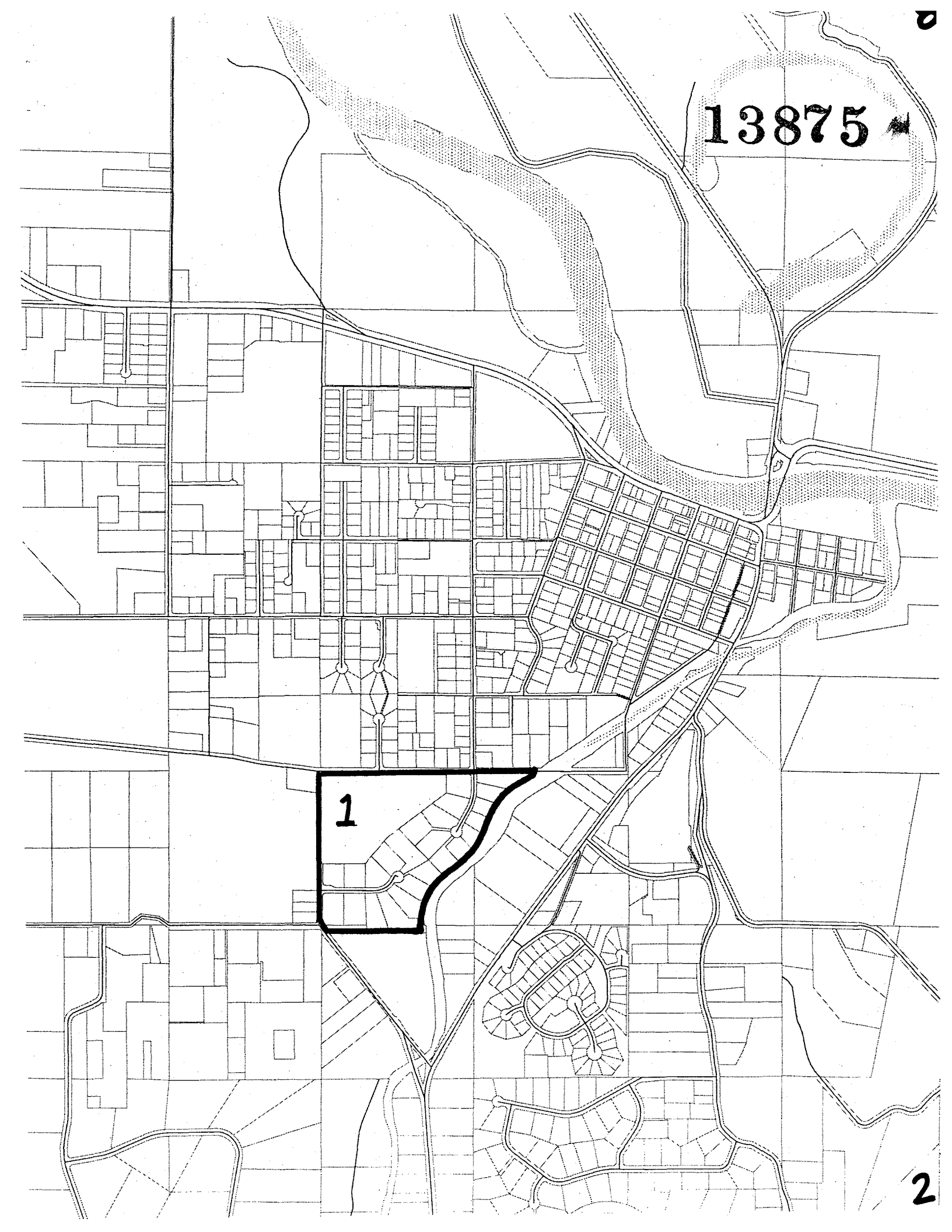
Area 1 (approximately 35 acres): The area bounded by 328th Avenue SE on the west, SE Issaquah-Fall City Road on the north, the Raging River on the east, and SE 48th Street on the south.

Effect: This amendment would reinstate the Executive Proposed land use and zoning for the area listed above by removing it from the Rural Town boundary and rezoning it to RA-5.

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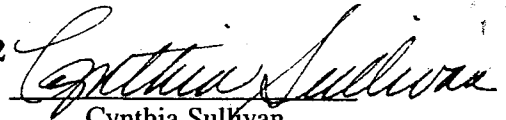
LU&Z-2

Fall City Subarea Plan

AMENDMENT LU&Z-2

June 12, 2000

Ms. Sullivan withdrew Amendment LU&Z-2.



Cynthia Sullivan
Larry Phillips
Maggi Fimia

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 20, amend Policy RT-1 by changing the description of the Rural Town boundary to reflect the removal of the area shown on the attached map, and

On page 21, amend the Proposed Land Use Map as follows:

Redesignate the properties listed below and illustrated on the attached map, from Rural Town to Rural Residential:

Area 2 (approximately 38 acres): The area bounded by 324th Avenue SE on the west, SE 44th Street on the north, the easterly lot lines of the lots located on the west side of a line extended north from 328th Avenue SE, and SE Issaquah-Fall City Road on the south.

On page 22, amend the Proposed Area Zoning Map as follows:

Reclassify the properties listed below and illustrated on the attached map, from R-4 to RA-5:

Area 2 (approximately 38 acres): The area bounded by 324th Avenue SE on the west, SE 44th Street on the north, the easterly lot lines of the lots located on the west side of a line extended north from 328th Avenue SE, and SE Issaquah-Fall City Road on the south.

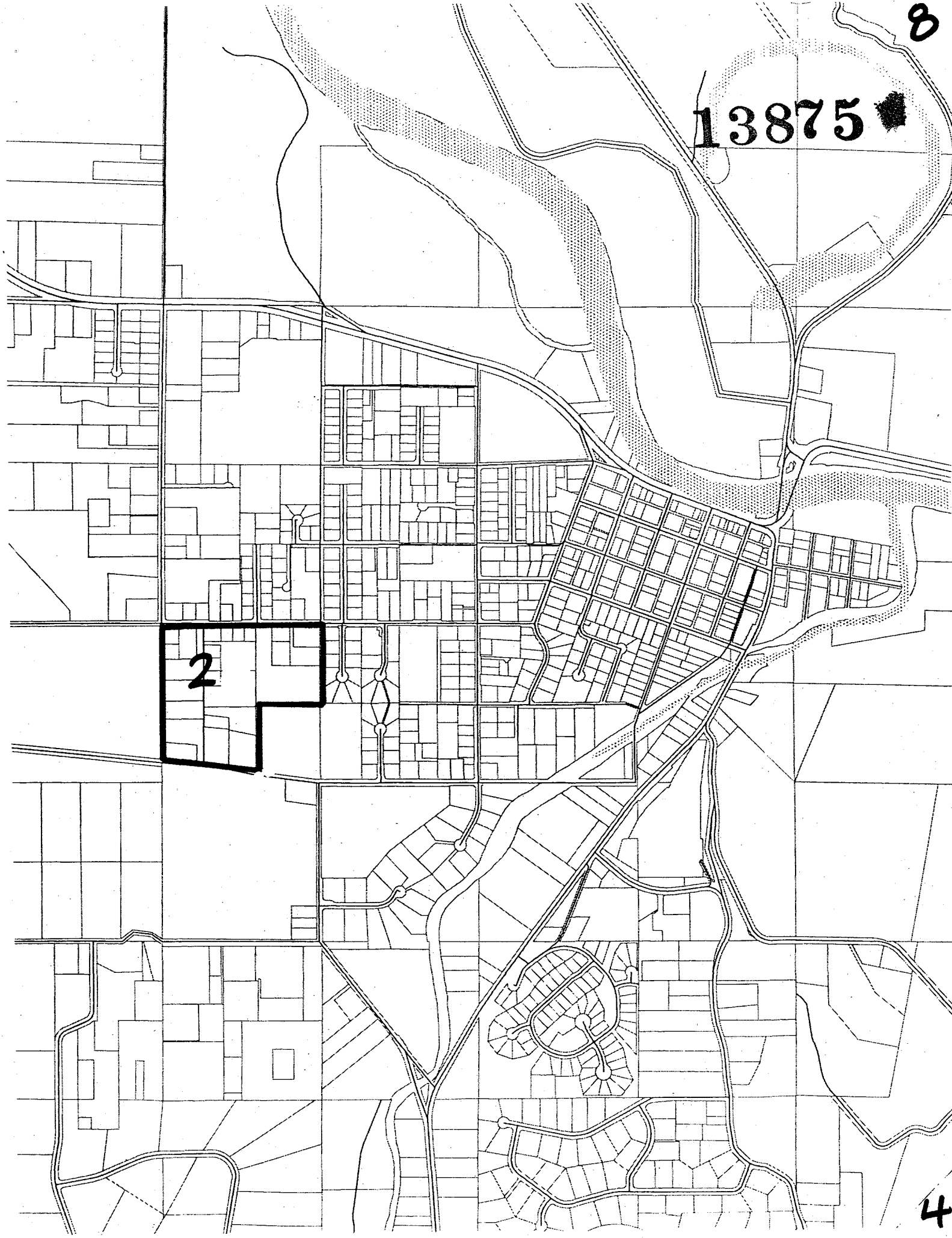
Effect: This amendment would reinstate the Executive Proposed land use and zoning for the area listed above by removing it from the Rural Town boundary and rezoning it to RA-5.

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Fall City Subarea Plan

LU&Z-2 (b)

AMENDMENT LU&Z-2(b)

June 12, 2000

Mr. Irons moved Amendment LU&Z-2(b). The motion PASSED unanimously.



AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 21, amend the Proposed Land Use Map as follows:

Redesignate the properties listed below and illustrated on the attached map, from Rural Town to Rural Residential:

Area 2 (approximately 22 acres): The area bounded by SE, SE 44th Street on the north, on the east by the eastern lot lines of lots located on the west side of a line extended south from 326th Pl. SE, SE Issaquah-Fall City Road on the south, and the westerly lot lines of the lots located on the east side of a line extended south from 324th Avenue SE.

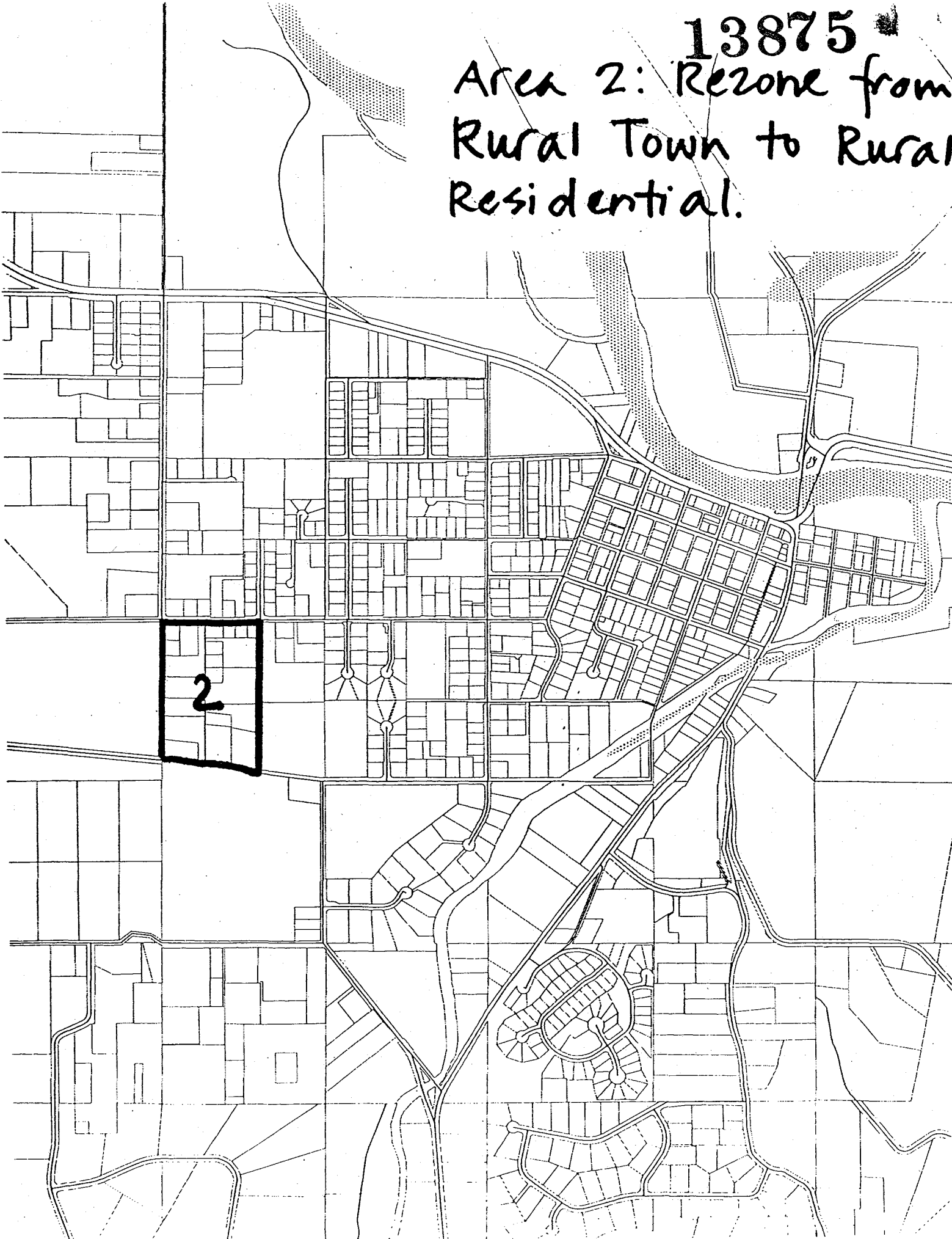
On page 22, amend the Proposed Area Zoning Map as follows:

Reclassify the properties listed below and illustrated on the attached map, from R-4 to RA-5:

Area 2 (approximately 22 acres): The area bounded by SE, SE 44th Street on the north, on the east by the eastern lot lines of lots located on the west side of a line extended south from 326th Pl. SE, SE Issaquah-Fall City Road on the south, and the westerly lot lines of the lots located on the east side of a line extended south from 324th Avenue SE.

Effect: This amendment would reinstate a portion of the Executive Proposed land use and zoning for the area listed above by removing it from the Rural Town boundary and rezoning it to RA-5.

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Area 2: Rezone from
Rural Town to Rural
Residential.



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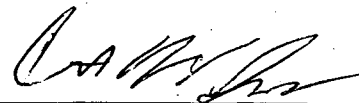
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Fall City Subarea Plan

LU&Z-3

AMENDMENT LU&Z-3

June 12, 2000 Mr. Irons withdrew Amendment LU&Z-3.



David Irons

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 20, amend Policy RT-1 by changing the description of the Rural Town boundary to reflect the removal of the area shown on the attached map, and

On page 21, amend the Land Use Designation Map as follows:

Change the land use designation of the area described below and shown on the attached map from Rural Town to Rural Residential.

Area 3 (approximately 7 acres): Parcel number 152407-9014 (the western parcel of the Herbfarm).

On page 22, amend the Proposed Area Zoning Map as follows:

Reclassify the area described below and illustrated on the attached map from R-4 to RA-5.

Area 3 (approximately 7 acres): Parcel number 152407-9014 (the western parcel of the Herbfarm).

Effect: This amendment would adopt the Citizen's Advisory Committee recommendation that the western parcel of the Herbfarm be removed from the Rural Town and rezoned to RA-5.

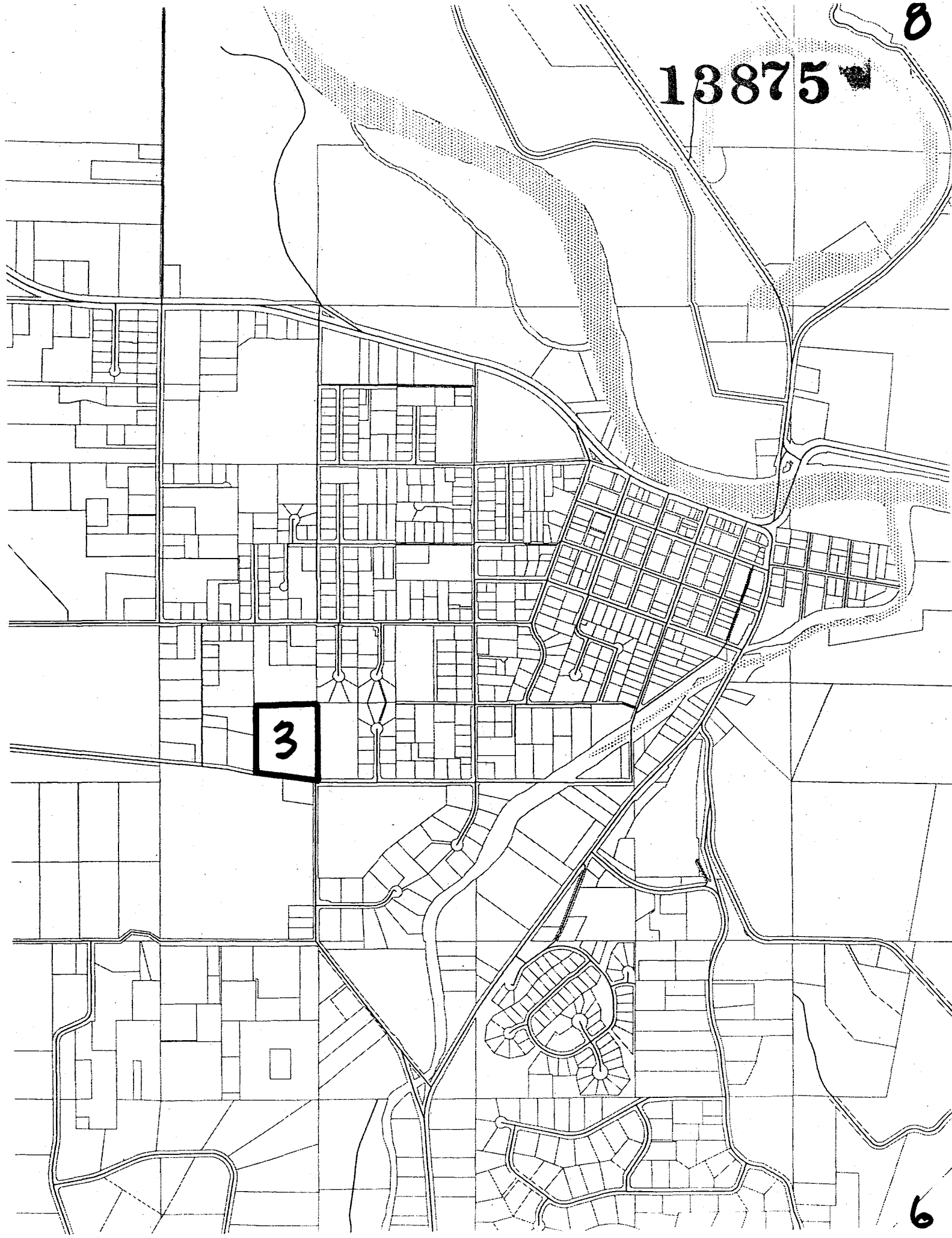
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Fall City Subarea Plan

AMENDMENT new LU&Z

new LU&Z

June 12, 2000 Mr. Vance moved Amendment new LU&Z.
 The motion FAILED 6 to 7, Mr. Vance, Mr. _____
 Irons, Mr. McKenna, Mr. Pullen, Ms. Hague *Vance*
 and Mr. von Reichbauer voting "yes".

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 20, amend Policy RT-1 by changing the description of the Rural Town boundary to reflect the addition of the area shown on the attached map, and

On page 21, amend the Land Use Designation Map as follows:

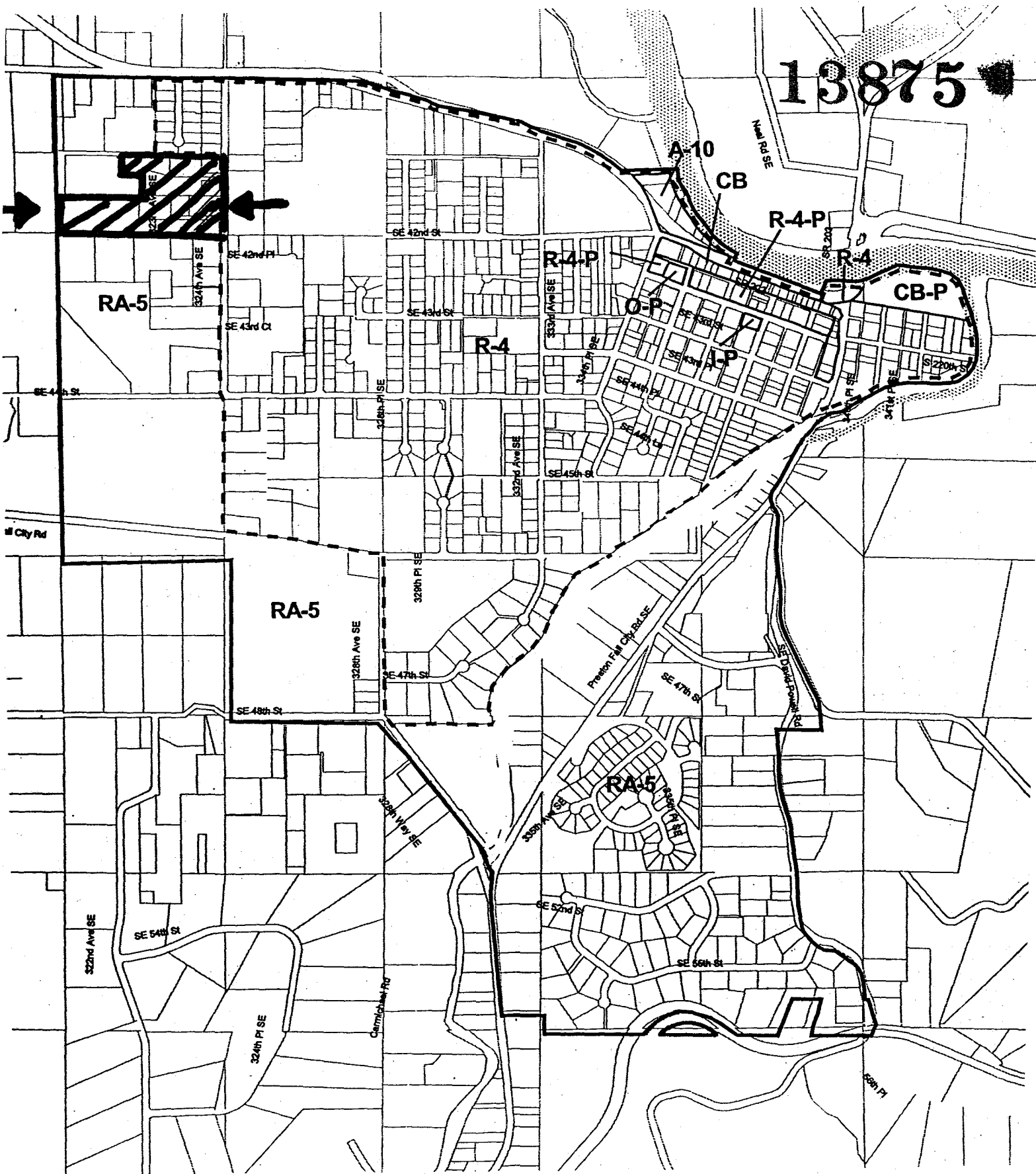
Change the land use designation of the area shown on the attached map from Rural Residential to Rural Town.

On page 22, amend the Proposed Area Zoning Map as follows:

Reclassify the area of property illustrated on the attached map from RA-5 to R-1.

Effect: This amendment would add the properties shown on the attached map to the Rural Town, and rezone them to R-1.

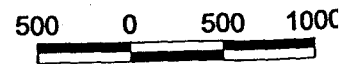
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Fall City Area Zoning: GMUAC Recommended

--- Proposed New Rural Town Boundary

- Proposed Zoning as recommended by the GMUAC
- A-10 (Agricultural, one DU per 10 acres)
 - RA-5 (Rural Area, one DU per 5 acres)
 - R-4 (Residential, 4 DU per acre)
 - CB (Community Business)
 - I (Industrial)

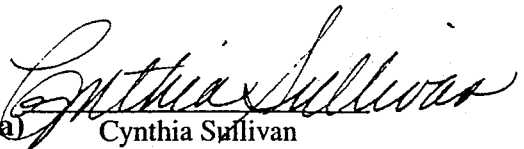


Fall City Subarea Plan

Z-4 (a)

June 12, 2000

AMENDMENT Z-4(a)



Cynthia Sullivan
Larry Phillips
Maggi Fimia

Ms. Sullivan withdrew Amendment Z-4(a).

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 22, amend the Proposed Area Zoning Map as follows:

A. Reclassify the properties listed below and illustrated on the attached map, from A-10 and A-10 (potential Regional Business) to R-1-P (approximately 2 acres):

Parcel Numbers: 152407-9003 (*current use: residential*)
152407-9006 (*current use: park*)
152407-9079 (*current use: residential*)
152407-9182 (*current use: totem pole*)

B. Reclassify the properties listed below and illustrated on the attached map, from A-10 (potential Regional Business) to Office-P (approximately 2 acres):

Parcel Numbers: 152407-9059 (*current use: medical/dental office*)
152407-9004 (*current use: real estate office*)

C. Reclassify the property listed below and illustrated on the attached map, from A-10 (potential Regional Business) to Neighborhood Business-P (approximately 1acre):

Parcel Number: 094310-0005 (*most recent use: auto repair shop*)

The following property specific development condition shall be attached to the zoning on parcels 0943100005, 1524079059 and 1524079004:

- Use of this property shall be limited to the building footprint that existed on March 28, 2000.
- The maximum building height is limited to 35 feet.

The following property-specific development condition shall be attached to the zoning on all the parcels listed above:

- No subdivision of this parcel may be allowed.

The following property-specific development condition is hereby deleted from the zoning on all the parcels listed above:

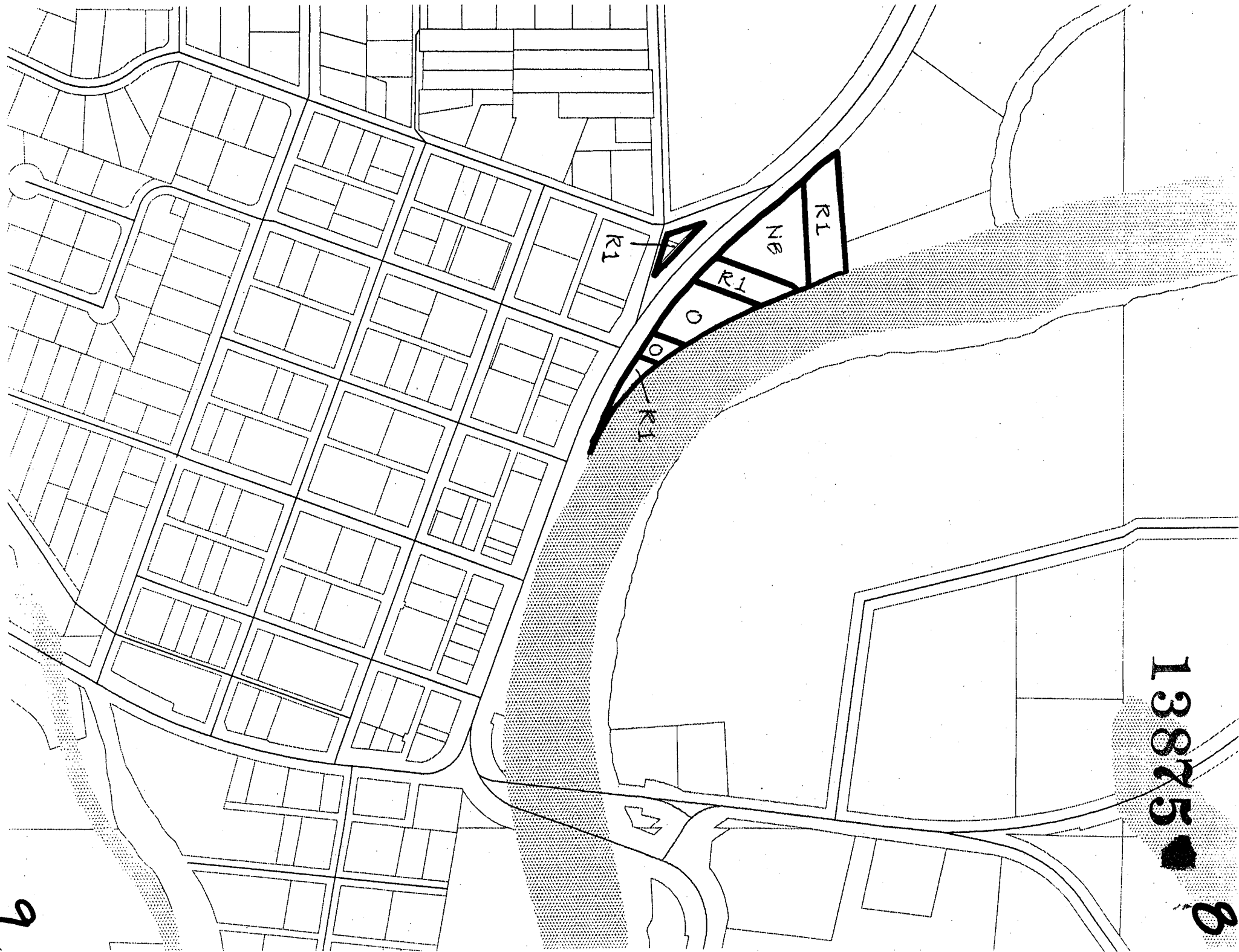
- SV-P2: "Primary access should be from the north-south streets. Access from SE 43rd Street should be limited to one point, preferably at the mid-block."

Effect: This amendment would rezone to R-1-P four parcels containing three houses, a park, and a small triangular area that is landscaped with grass and a totem pole.

The amendment would also rezone to NB-P one parcel containing a vacant building most recently used as an auto repair shop.

Lastly, this amendment would rezone two parcels containing existing houses converted to a real estate office and a medical/dental office, to Office (O-P).

Property-specific development conditions would limit the use of the parcels proposed to be rezoned O-P and NB-P to the building footprints that existed on March 28, 2000, and would also limit the building height to 35 feet. A second property-specific development condition would prohibit subdivision of any of the above parcels. An existing property-specific development condition requiring access from the north-south streets and from one point on SE 43rd would be repealed.



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Fall City Subarea Plan

Z-4 (b)



June 12, 2000

Chris Vance
David Irons

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 22, amend the Proposed Area Zoning Map as follows:

A. Reclassify the properties listed below and illustrated on the attached map, from A-10 (potential Regional Business) to Neighborhood Business (approximately 3 acres):

- Parcel Numbers:
- 152407-9059 (*current use: medical/dental office*)
 - 152407-9004 (*current use: real estate office*)
 - 152407-9079 (*current use: residence*)
 - 094310-0005 (*current use: auto repair shop*)
 - 152407-9003 (*current use: storage lot*)

B. Reclassify the properties listed below and illustrated on the attached map, from A-10 to R-1 (approximately 1 acre):

- Parcel Numbers:
- 152407-9006 (*current use: park*)
 - 152407-9182 (*current use: totem pole*)

The following property-specific development condition is hereby deleted from the zoning on all the parcels listed above:

- SV-P2: "Primary access should be from the north-south streets. Access from SE 43rd Street should be limited to one point, preferably at the mid-block."

Effect: This amendment would rezone five parcels containing a residence, a medical/dental office, a real estate office, an auto repair shop and a storage lot from A-10 (potential Regional Business) to Neighborhood Business. It would also rezone a park and a small, non-buildable parcel from A-10 to R-1.

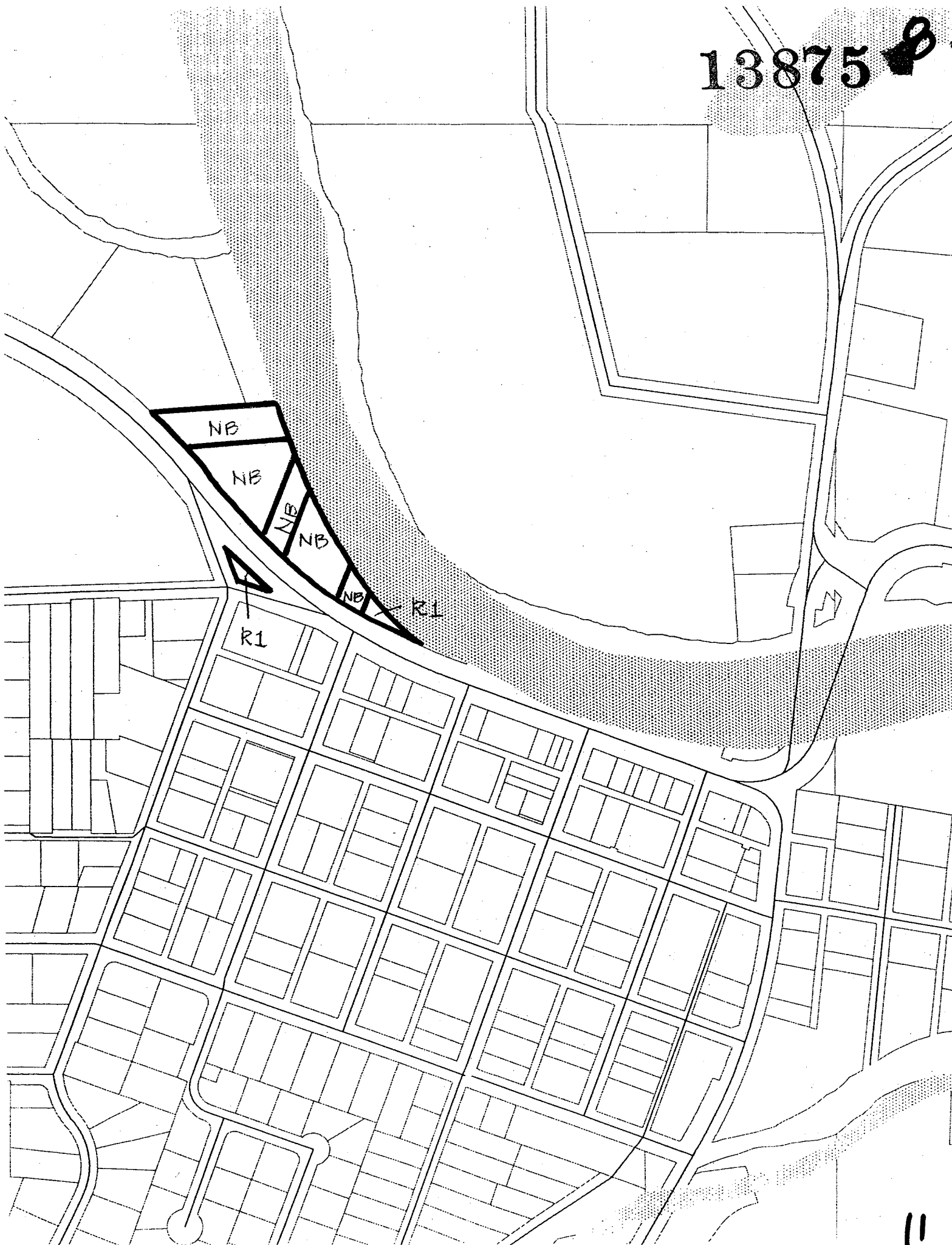
An existing property-specific development condition requiring access from the north-south streets and from one point on SE 43rd would be repealed.

AMENDMENT Z-4(b)

would be that as of today which would be uses such as boats, trailers or tractors and the second, if the ownership changes the uses would revert to NB zone. The motion PASSED unanimously, as amended.

Mr. Irons moved Amendment Z-4(b). Mr. Irons accepted Ms. Sullivan's suggestion that the amendment as it relates to Parcel 152407-9003 be amended to read: to change the zoning map to an I zone and add a p-suffix condition with two conditions, the first that the on site storage

13875 **B**

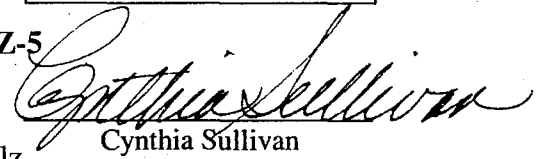


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Z-5

Fall City Subarea Plan

AMENDMENT Z-5



June 12, 2000

Ms. Sullivan moved Amendment Z-5. The motion FAILED 5 to 8, Ms. Sullivan, Mr. Pelz, Mr. Gossett, Mr. Nickels and Mr. Phillips voting "yes".

Cynthia Sullivan
Larry Phillips
Maggi Fimia

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000.

On page 22, amend the Proposed Area Zoning Map as follows:

Reclassify the properties listed below and illustrated on the attached map from R-4 (potential CB-P) to R-4 (approximately 2 acres).

Parcel Nos:

247590-0445	247590-0356
247590-0355	247590-0370
247590-0250	247590-0265
247590-0266	247590-0065
247590-0075	247590-0285
247590-0280	247590-0155
247590-0170	247590-0140

On page 23, amend Policy L-4 (Land Use) as follows:

L-4 Fall City's ~~((existing))~~ commercial and industrial land base should be retained but not expanded. ~~((Future expansion of the business district is provided for in this Plan through Potential Community Business zoning,))~~ Nonresidential zoning in Fall City should recognize the constraints of a limited infrastructure and floodplain boundaries ~~((which may be realized through an area-wide rezone initiated by the King County Council once public sewers or other alternative wastewater treatment facilities are available))~~.

The area((s)) zoned for commercial, office and industrial uses ~~((in Fall City))~~ is ~~((are not))~~ sufficient to serve local needs. ~~((Therefore, some expansion of the business district should be permitted when adequate wastewater treatment facilities are available.))~~ Home occupations, home industries and specialty school uses allowed within the residential area, per King County Code Title 21A provisions, ~~((also))~~ supplement the business activities in town. ~~((Additionally, t))~~ There are several nonconforming businesses ~~((with))~~ in and around ~~((the rural town boundaries of))~~ Fall City, which also provide goods and services for the community ~~((, and which should be recognized with commercial zoning))~~. Fall City residents want to protect the small rural character of their community and as such ~~((do not))~~ desire ~~((more))~~ only ~~((limited additional))~~ commercial development ~~((, as provided for in this Plan))~~.

The existing septic systems within the downtown business district are, generally, old and may not meet current health standards for on-site septic systems. While there are no known failing systems, many may be suspect. Expanding ~~((sion of))~~ the ~~((main))~~ commercial area would only compound

any existing effluent disposal problems ((is only appropriate if public sewers, or alternative wastewater treatment systems become available)).

~~((Under the Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan, s))~~ Several R-4 zoned parcels adjacent to the existing downtown business district at the south and west edges have ((were given)) potential zoning for Regional Business. Regional Business zoning is not appropriate for Fall City. It does not fit with the rural character and historic development pattern of Fall City. ~~T((, and t))~~ here is insufficient infrastructure to support more intense commercial development ((Regional Business uses)) in Fall City and this is unlikely to change in the foreseeable future. ~~((Most existing commercial properties in Fall City have Community Business zoning, which is a more appropriate commercial designation for these properties.))~~

On pages A1-A2 and C-11, amend King County Comprehensive Plan Policy CP-929 as follows:

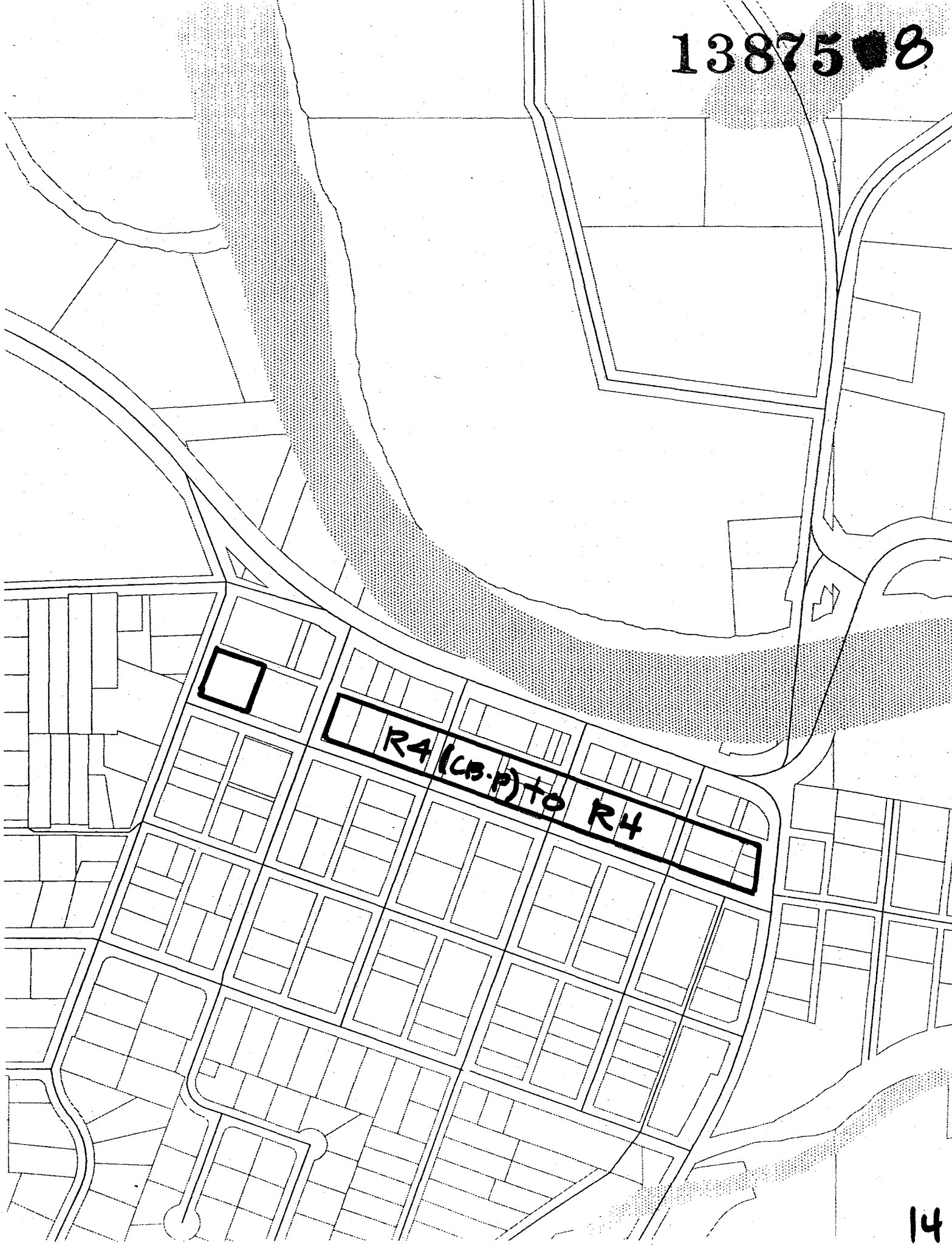
CP-929 Fall City is an unincorporated rural town. Fall City ((which)) should have overall densities of one to four dwelling units per acre((-)), and appropriate ((Potential)) commercial zoning ~~((adopted in the 1999 Fall City Subarea Plan may be actualized through an area wide rezone initiated by the King County Council once public sewers or other alternative wastewater treatment systems are available))~~ to recognize existing business uses in the downtown area.

On pages A-3 and C-12, amend King County Comprehensive Plan Policy CP-932 as follows:

CP-932 Zoning for the existing commercial areas within Fall City, from 334th Pl. SE east fronting on the south side of SR-202, and fronting on either side of Preston-Fall City Road from SR-202 south to SE 43rd Pl., plus the welding shop, U.S. Post Office, and two parcels adjacent to the west end of Quigley Park along the Snoqualmie River adopted in the 1999 Fall City Subarea Plan ~~((industrial and office areas adopted in the 1999 Fall City Subarea Plan))~~ should be maintained but not expanded. ~~((Potential Commercial zoning may be realized at such time as public sewers or other alternative wastewater treatment systems are available.))~~

Effect: This amendment would restore the Executive-Proposed zoning classification of R-4 for the properties located immediately south of the existing business district, and replace the policy language which supports an R-4 zoning designation for those properties.

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Fall City Subarea Plan

AMENDMENT Z-5(b)

Z-5 (b)

June 12, 2000 Mr. Irons moved Amendment Z-5(b). The motion PASSED 8 to 5, Ms. Sullivan, Mr. Pelz, Mr. Gossett, Mr. Nickels and Mr. Phillips voting "no". David Irons

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 20, amend the Proposed Area Zoning Map as follows:

Reclassify the properties listed below and illustrated on the attached map from R-4 (potential CB-P) to R-4-P (approximately 2 acres).

Parcel Nos:

- 247590-0445 247590-0356
247590-0355 247590-0370
247590-0250 247590-0265
247590-0266 247590-0065
247590-0075 247590-0285
247590-0280 247590-0155
247590-0170 247590-0140

The following property-specific development conditions shall be attached to the Potential Neighborhood Business zoning on all these parcels:

- Community Business zoning for these parcels may be realized through an area-wide rezone initiated by the King County Council after June 12, 2002, or when the recommendations of the stakeholder group created by proposed motion 2000-0363 are issued, whichever occurs first.

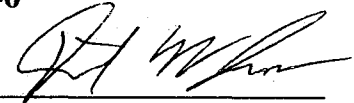
Effect: This amendment would rezone to R-4-P approximately 2 acres of property that abut the business district located along SR 202. Future commercial development of the properties could be realized through an area-wide rezone subject to the recommendations for wastewater treatment from the stakeholder group proposed by council motion 2000-0363.

Handwritten notes: 8-5, LP, LG, DP, CS, GN, DI ->

Fall City Subarea Plan**Z-6**

AMENDMENT Z-6

June 12, 2000 Mr. Irons moved Amendment Z-6. The motion
PASSED unanimously.



David Irons

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE
1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 22, amend the Proposed Area Zoning Map as follows:

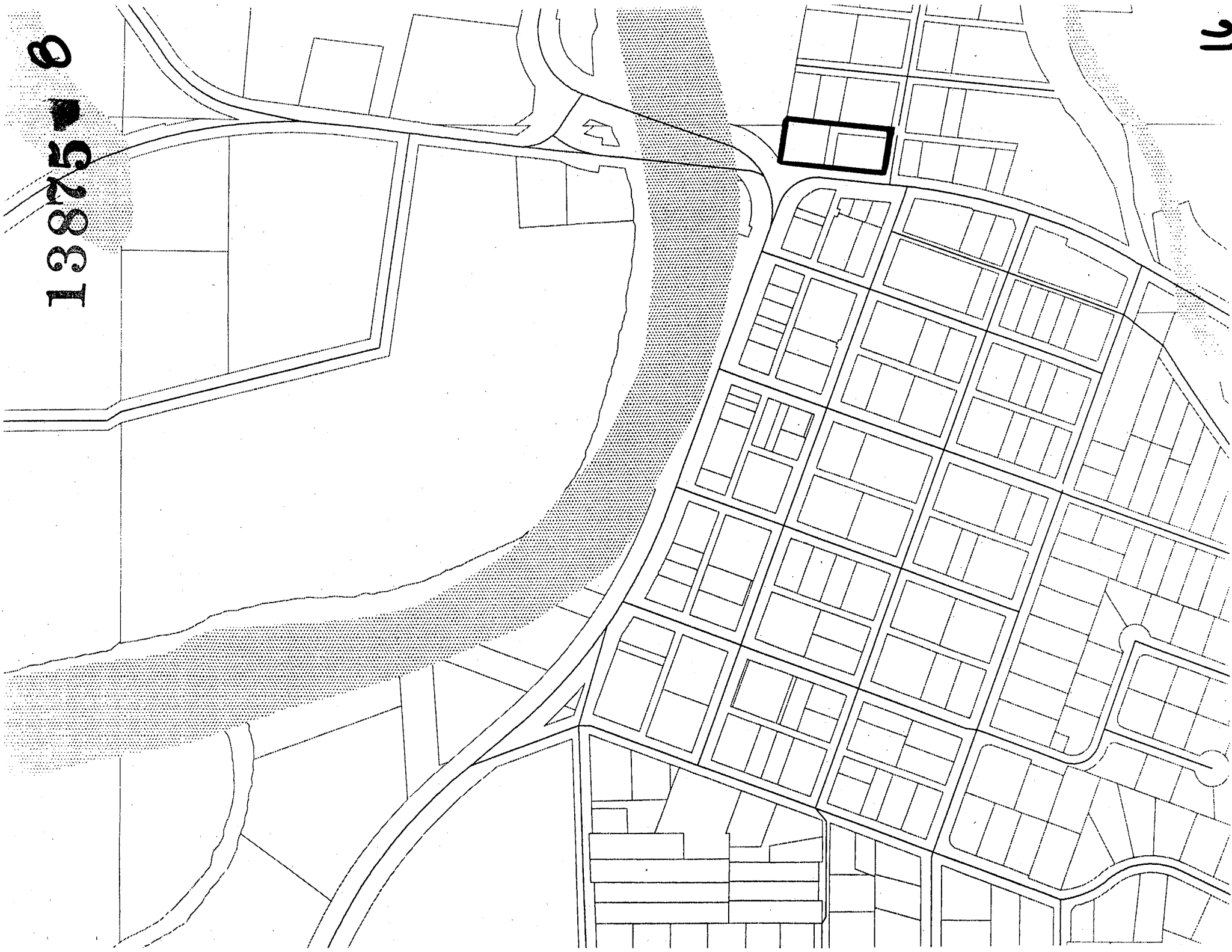
Reclassify the area described below and illustrated on the attached map from R-4 to CB.

Area 7 (approximately .65 acres): Parcel numbers 6730700005 (Colonial Inn) and
6730700050 (gas station).

Effect: This amendment makes a technical correction to the land use and zoning maps on pages 21 and 22. These two parcels were incorrectly shown as R-4 on the GMUAC-recommended Fall City Subarea Plan, however the GMUAC did not recommend land use and zoning changes for these properties. Their current zoning designation is CB.

13875 8

11



Fall City Subarea PlanAMENDMENT **Z-7****Z-7**

June 12, 2000

Mr. Vance moved Amendment Z-7. The motion
 FAILED 6 to 7, Mr. Vance, Mr. Irons, Mr.
 McKenna, Mr. Pullen, Ms. Hague and Mr. von
 Reichbauer voting "yes".



Chris Vance

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494,
 dated March 28, 2000.

On page 22, amend the Proposed Area Zoning Map as follows:

Reclassify the properties listed below and illustrated on the attached map from R-4 to R-4 (potential Neighborhood Business):

Parcel Nos:

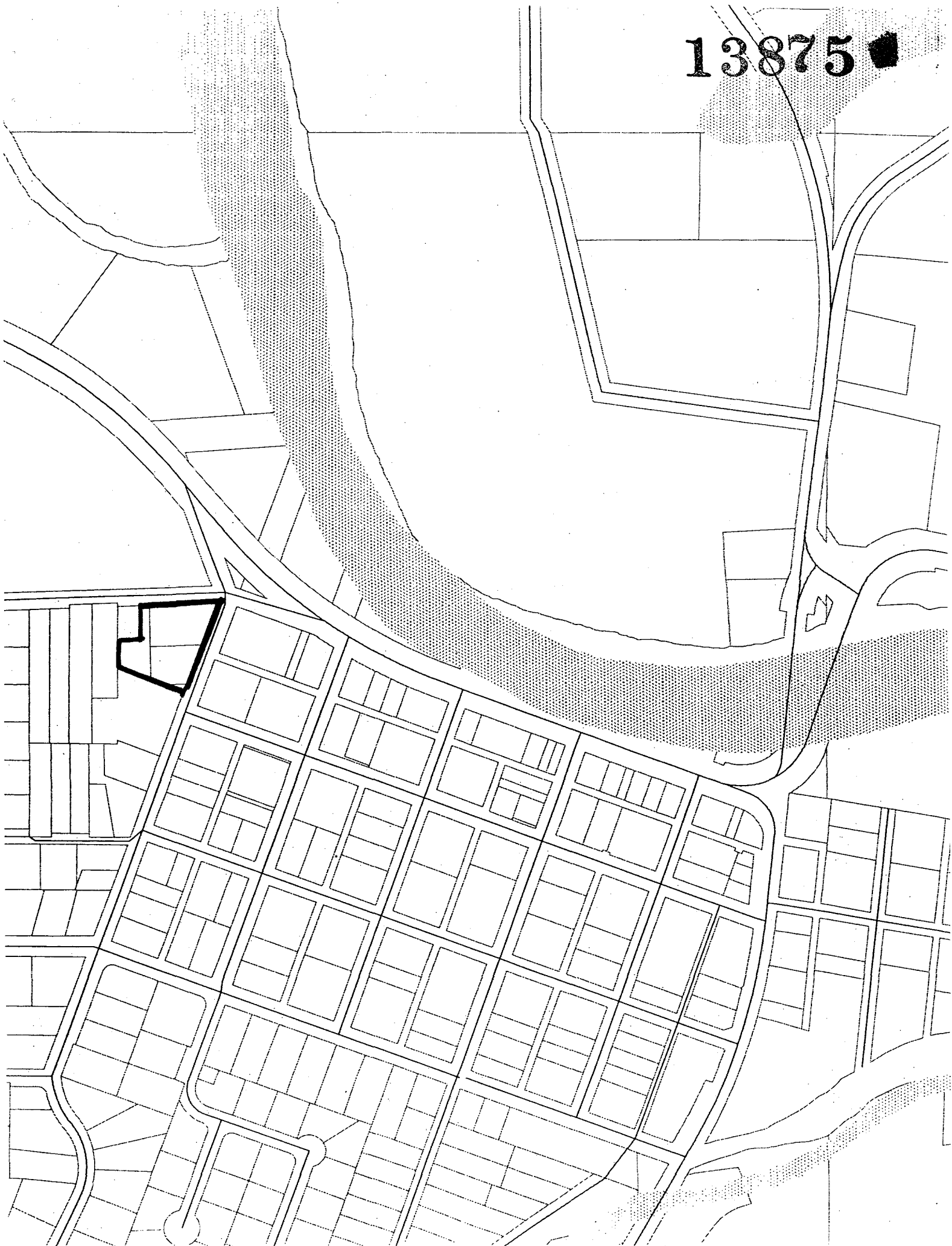
094310-0420	094310-0428
094310-0423	094310-0429

The following property-specific development condition is hereby deleted from the zoning on all the parcels listed above:

- SV-P2: "Primary access should be from the north-south streets. Access from SE 43rd Street should be limited to one point, preferably at the mid-block."

Effect: This amendment would reinstate potential commercial zoning for a group of properties that front SR202 and that are surrounded by existing institutional uses (library, school, fire station). The current potential zoning is for regional business; the amendment would instate potential neighborhood business, which is a more appropriate commercial designation for Fall City. An existing P-suffix condition related to access would be repealed.

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Fall City Subarea Plan

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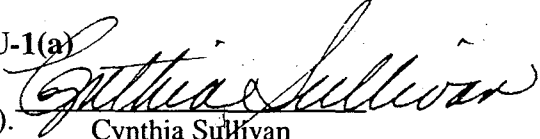
U-1 (a)

8

AMENDMENT U-1(a)

June 12, 2000

Ms. Sullivan withdrew Amendment U-1(a).


Cynthia Sullivan
Maggi Fimia

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000.

On page 14, amend the Utilities section (text only) as follows:

The Fall City Water District provides water to the entire area of Fall City as well as a larger service area around it. The District's comprehensive water plan indicates that there is adequate capacity to serve all projected demand, based on population forecasts by the Puget Sound Regional Council, over the next twenty years.

The water source for the District is groundwater. One of the primary concerns of any water utility using groundwater is protection of the water quality. The Washington State Department of Health (DOH) requires large water utilities to designate well head protection areas. These areas are where rain, and potentially contaminants, will soak down into the soil and get into the well. DOH requires monitoring of well head protection areas. The level of monitoring required is dependent upon the kinds of land uses within the well head protection area. The District's wellhead protection area covers a large part of Fall City.

Public sewers are not available in Fall City. On-site septic systems provide sewage disposal.

~~((Sewage disposal in Fall City is currently provided by on-site septic systems. In 1990, in order to assess the feasibility of implementing a public sewer system in Fall City, King County participated in the development of a Wastewater Facilities Plan (WFP) for the area.~~

~~The WFP found that most homes and businesses in Fall City were built prior to the adoption of the Health Department's minimum lot size requirements, and few septic tanks in the commercial area meet current health department design criteria. The study concluded that the commercial area in Fall City, as well as existing residential development with lot sizes smaller than 12,500 square feet, should be sewerred as soon as affected property owners deemed it financially feasible.~~

~~These recommendations notwithstanding, the projected cost of the new sewer system was high—approaching \$4 million—and after a series of public meetings, the Wastewater Facilities Plan was not implemented.))~~

Electrical service is provided by Puget Sound Energy.

Effect: This amendment removes background text on the 1990 Wastewater Facilities Plan. It restores the Executive-Proposed language for the Utilities section of the Subarea Plan.

17

Fall City Subarea Plan

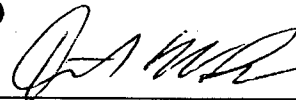
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U-1 (b)

8

AMENDMENT U-1(b)

June 12, 2000 Mr. Irons withdrew Amendment U-1(b).



David Irons

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 14, amend the Utilities section (text only) as follows:

The Fall City Water District provides water to the entire area of Fall City as well as a larger service area around it. The District's comprehensive water plan indicates that there is adequate capacity to serve all projected demand, based on population forecasts by the Puget Sound Regional Council, over the next twenty years.

The water source for the District is groundwater. One of the primary concerns of any water utility using groundwater is protection of the water quality. The Washington State Department of Health (DOH) requires large water utilities to designate well head protection areas. These areas are where rain, and potentially contaminants, will soak down into the soil and get into the well. DOH requires monitoring of well head protection areas. The level of monitoring required is dependent upon the kinds of land uses within the well head protection area. The District's well head protection area covers a large part of Fall City (see map on page XXX showing location of the aquifer and well head protection areas).

Sewage disposal in Fall City is currently provided by on-site septic systems. In 1990, in order to assess the feasibility of implementing a public sewer system in Fall City, King County participated in the development of a Wastewater Facilities Plan (WFP) for the area.

The WFP found that most homes and businesses in Fall City were built prior to the adoption of the Health Department's minimum lot size requirements, and few septic tanks in the commercial area meet current health department design criteria. The study concluded that the commercial area in Fall City, as well as existing residential development with lot sizes smaller than 12,500 square feet, should be sewered as soon as affected property owners deemed it financially feasible.

The((se)) WFP was considered feasible at the time in part because the boundaries of the Rural Town included an area large enough to support the high cost of a public sewer system. However, the community strongly rejected the WFP recommendations ((notwithstanding,)) due to the financial impacts on the community ((projected cost of the new sewer system was high—approaching \$4 million—and a)) and due to concerns that the resulting increased residential densities would threaten the rural character of Fall City. After a series of public meetings and community rejection of the plan, the Wastewater Facilities Plan was not implemented.

Electrical service is provided by Puget Sound Energy.

Effect: This amendment adds text clarifying the reasons the Fall City community rejected the Wastewater Facilities Plan in 1990. Additionally, it proposes the addition of a map showing the location of the aquifer under Fall City and well head protection areas.

18

AMENDMENT U-1(c)

June 12, 2000

Mr. Phillips moved Amendment U-1(c). The Larry Phillips motion PASSED unanimously.

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 14, amend the Utilities section (text only) as follows:

The Fall City Water District provides water to the entire area of Fall City as well as a larger service area around it. The District's comprehensive water plan indicates that there is adequate capacity to serve all projected demand, based on population forecasts by the Puget Sound Regional Council, over the next twenty years.

The water source for the District is groundwater. One of the primary concerns of any water utility using groundwater is protection of the water quality. The Washington State Department of Health (DOH) requires large water utilities to designate well head protection areas. These areas are where rain, and potentially contaminants, will soak down into the soil and get into the well. DOH requires monitoring of well head protection areas. The level of monitoring required is dependent upon the kinds of land uses within the well head protection area. As the map on page XX showing the location of the aquifer and wellhead protection areas indicates, ~~t~~The District's wellhead protection area covers a large part of Fall City.

Sewage disposal in Fall City is currently provided by on-site septic systems. In 1990, in order to assess the feasibility of implementing a public sewer system in Fall City, King County participated in the development of a Wastewater Facilities Plan (WFP) for the area.

~~((The WFP found that most homes and businesses in Fall City were built prior to the adoption of the Health Department's minimum lot size requirements, and few septic tanks in the commercial area meet current health department design criteria. The study concluded that the commercial area in Fall City, as well as existing residential development with lot sizes smaller than 12,500 square feet, should be sewered as soon as affected property owners deemed it financially feasible.))~~

~~((These))~~ However, the community strongly rejected the WFP recommendations ((notwithstanding,)) due to the financial impacts on the community ((projected cost of the new sewer system was high—approaching \$4 million—and a)) and concerns that resulting increased residential densities would threaten the rural character of Fall City. After a series of public meetings, the Wastewater Facilities Plan was not implemented.

Electrical service is provided by Puget Sound Energy.

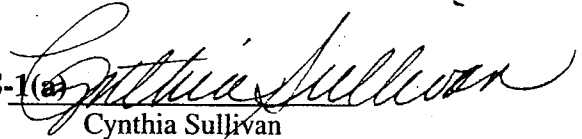
Effect: This amendment clarifies the reasons the Fall City community rejected the Wastewater Facilities Plan (WFP) in 1990, and removes text that addresses the conclusions of the wastewater study. It also proposes the addition of a map showing the location of the aquifer under Fall City and wellhead protection areas.

Fall City Subarea Plan

S-1 (a)

June 12, 2000

AMENDMENT S-1 (a)



Cynthia Sullivan

Ms. Sullivan withdrew Amendment S-1(a).

Maggi Fimia

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 19, amend Policy S-1 (Sanitary Sewers) as follows:

S-1 On-site septic systems, community drainfields, or ~~((other))~~ alternative ~~((wastewater))~~ treatment technologies ~~((systems))~~ are the preferred methods for wastewater treatment and disposal. Consistent with King County Comprehensive Plan Policy F-313 and King County Code 13.24.124 132 and 13.24.134, public sewers may be allowed to serve the Fall City Business District. The business and commercial property owners in Fall City are the responsible parties to initiate and finance future sewage disposal improvements. King County should convene a technical work group to consider and make recommendations regarding the business district's septic system issues.

~~((As noted in the Utilities section of this Plan, adequate sewage disposal is an issue in the Fall City Business District. If not addressed, this may pose a threat to public health in the future. In order to provide the community with options for long term solutions to existing sewage disposal problems and to protect the environmental integrity of the Snoqualmie River, alternative wastewater treatment systems or public sewers should be considered to serve the Fall City Business District.))~~

Effect: This amendment would restore the Executive Proposed language for Policy S-1 and add a provision that the County convene a technical work group to analyze and make recommendations on the business district's septic system issues.

Fall City Subarea Plan

S-1 (b)

AMENDMENT S-1(b)

June 12, 2000

Mr. Irons withdrew Amendment S-1(b).



David Irons

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 19, amend Policy S-1 (Sanitary Sewers) as follows:

S-1 On-site septic systems, community drainfields, or other alternative wastewater treatment systems are the preferred methods for wastewater treatment and disposal in Fall City. Consistent with King County Comprehensive Plan Policy F-313 and King County Code 13.24.124 132 and 13.24.134, public sewers may be allowed to serve the Fall City business district if the preferred methods of wastewater treatment are proven technologically infeasible. The business and commercial property owners in Fall City are the responsible parties to initiate and finance future sewage disposal improvements. King County shall convene a stakeholder group to consider and make recommendations regarding the business district's septic system issues specifically those related to impacts on the environmental and water quality.

As noted in the Utilities section of this Plan, adequate sewage disposal is an issue in the Fall City Business District. If not addressed, this may pose a threat to public health in the future. In order to provide the community with options for long-term solutions to existing sewage disposal problems and to protect the environmental integrity of the Snoqualmie River, alternative wastewater treatment systems ((or public sewers)) should be considered to serve the Fall City Business District. If alternative wastewater treatment systems are technologically infeasible, public sewers may be considered.

Effect: Amends Policy S-1 by clarifying that alternative wastewater treatment systems are the preferred method of wastewater treatment to serve the Fall City Business District.

Fall City Subarea Plan

AMENDMENT S-1(c)

S-1 (c)

June 12, 2000

A motion was made by Mr. Phillips to pass Amendment S-1(c). Mr. Irons moved to amend line 11, after 'a' and before 'group' to delete 'technical work' and insert "stakeholder". Mr. Pullen moved to amend line 1, before 'On-site' and to insert "Privately owned". Mr. Phillips accepted both amendments as friendly. The motion PASSED unanimously, as amended.

Larry Phillips

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 19, amend Policy S-1 (Sanitary Sewers) as follows:

- S-1 On-site septic systems, community drainfields, or ~~((either))~~ alternative ~~((wastewater))~~ sewage treatment technologies ~~((systems))~~ are the preferred methods for wastewater treatment and disposal in Fall City. In order to provide the community with options for long term solutions to existing sewage treatment problems, and consistent with King County Comprehensive Plan Policy F-313 and King County Code 13.24.124 132 and 13.24.134, public sewers may be allowed to serve the Fall City Business District if the preferred methods of wastewater treatment are proven to be technologically infeasible. ~~((The))~~ Business and commercial property owners in Fall City are the ~~((responsible))~~ appropriate parties ~~((to))~~ responsible for initiating and financing any future ~~((sewage))~~ wastewater treatment and disposal improvements in the business district. King County should convene a technical work group to consider and make recommendations regarding the business district's septic system issues.

As noted in the Utilities section of this Plan, adequate sewage disposal is an issue in the Fall City Business District. If not addressed, this may pose a threat to public health and the environmental integrity of the Snoqualmie River in the future. ~~((In order to provide the community with options for long term solutions to existing sewage disposal problems and to protect the environmental integrity of the Snoqualmie River, alternative wastewater treatment systems or public sewers should be considered to serve the Fall City Business District.))~~

Effect: This amendment clarifies that alternative sewage treatment systems are the preferred methods of wastewater treatment in Fall City, and that public sewers may only be considered if the preferred methods are deemed technologically infeasible. It also adds a provision directing the County to convene a technical work group to analyze and make recommendations on the business district's septic system issues.

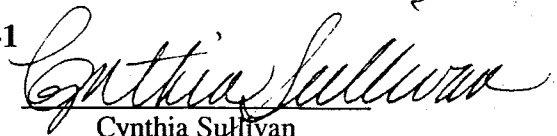
Fall City Subarea Plan

L-1

AMENDMENT L-1

June 12, 2000

Ms. Sullivan withdrew Amendment L-1.



Cynthia Sullivan
Larry Phillips
Maggi Fimia

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000

On page 23, amend Policy L-1 (Land Use) as follows:

L-1 The Urban Reserve area identified in the Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan for future residential growth of Fall City should be redesignated Rural Area and rezoned RA-5 in order to protect the rural character of Fall City and the surrounding area (~~and to recognize the logical outer boundary of the Rural Town. Those areas previously zoned Urban Reserve which are currently developed at densities similar to or greater than other properties included in the Rural Town boundaries are appropriately included within the Rural Town and redesignated to R-4, as indicated on the land use map on page XXX. The remaining portions of the area previously zoned Urban Reserve are appropriately redesignated Rural Residential and rezoned to RA-5~~)).

Effect: This amendment would restore the Executive Proposed policy language for Policy L-1, which states that the Urban Reserve area should be eliminated and rezoned to RA-5.

Note: Adoption of this amendment is contingent upon the adoption of amendments LU&Z-1 (a) and LU&Z-2 (a).

Fall City Subarea Plan

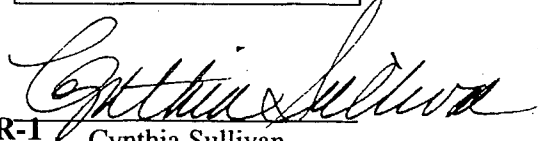
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R-1

8

June 12, 2000

AMENDMENT R-1



Cynthia Sullivan
David Irons
Larry Phillips
Maggi Fimia

Ms. Sullivan moved Amendment R-1. The motion PASSED unanimously.

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000.

On page 30, amend Policy R-1 (Rural Character) as follows:

R-1 King County should (~~may~~) develop a rural character protection program (~~(e.g., a rural conservation district)~~) for Fall City and vicinity that may include a rural conservation district and addresses such issues as: rural landscape, signs, vistas, historic landmarks, design standards (building and infrastructure), preservation of the existing character of the Preston-Fall City Road and the state routes serving Fall City and land use controls to help achieve and maintain the community's goals and values (expressed on page 16 of this plan and also in King County Comprehensive Plan policy CP-929).

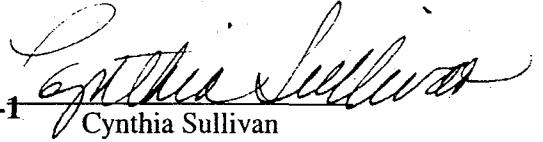
Various types of single-purpose conservation districts have been used in the United States over the past fifty years to preserve natural and other resources, including agricultural soils, water supplies, and, more recently, historic areas. Historic conservation districts have been used successfully in urban areas to preserve historic character and to revitalize neighborhoods.

Effect: Restores the Executive-proposed "should" for Policy R-1, and adds language which indicates that a rural character protection program should preserve the existing character of the Preston-Fall City Road and help achieve and maintain community goals and values.

22

Fall City Subarea Plan**PTO-1**

June 12, 2000

AMENDMENT PTO-1

Cynthia Sullivan

David Irons

Larry Phillips

Maggi Fimia

Ms. Sullivan moved Amendment PTO-1. The motion PASSED unanimously.

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000.

On page 32, amend Policy PTO-1 (Parks, Trails, Open Space) as follows:

PTO-1 King County should expand soft surface pedestrian, equestrian, and bicycle trail opportunities serving Fall City, including but not limited to a pedestrian, bicycle and equestrian crossing at SE 39th Place across State Route 203.

Effect: This amendment would modify the PTO-1 policy of the Fall City Subarea Plan to add County support for a traffic safety improvement to State Route 203 for a trail connection with a County park. Passage of this amendment would allow the Washington State Department of Transportation to make the crossing improvement this summer. This crossing would connect the county-owned equestrian arena at SR230 with the Snoqualmie Valley Trail.

Fall City Subarea Plan

C-2

June 12, 2000

AMENDMENT C-2

Cynthia Sullivan

Cynthia Sullivan
David Irons
Larry Phillips
Maggi Fimia

Ms. Sullivan moved Amendment C-2. The motion PASSED unanimously.

AMENDMENT TO ATTACHMENT A TO PROPOSED SUBSTITUTE ORDINANCE 1999-0494, dated March 28, 2000.

On page 33, amend Policy C-2 (Circulation) as follows:

C-2 King County should study measures to control traffic and increase pedestrian safety in Fall City, and should consider the recommendations of the Fall City Community Advisory Group when identifying and prioritizing traffic safety improvement needs in the Fall City area.

Effect: States that King County should consider recommendations developed by the Fall City Community Advisory Group (FCCAG) when planning transportation improvements in the Fall City area.

Fall City Subarea Plan 1999



**THE RURAL TOWN OF FALL CITY
King County, Washington**



**Growth Management and Unincorporated Areas
Committee (GMUAC) Recommendation
March 28, 2000**

King County Executive
Ron Sims

13875

Metropolitan King County Council

Louise Miller, Chair, District 3
Maggi Fimia, District 1
Cynthia Sullivan, District 2
Larry Phillips, District 4
Dwight Pelz, District 5
Rob McKenna, District 6
Pete Von Reichbauer, District 7
Greg Nickels, District 8
Kent Pullen, District 9
Larry Gossett, District 10
Jane Hague, District 11
Brian Derdowski, District 12
Christopher Vance, District 13

Office of Regional Policy and Planning

Ethan Raup, Director
Karen Wolf, Senior Policy Analyst

Department of Development and Environmental Services

Greg Kipp, Director
Caroline Whalen, Deputy Director
Mark Carey, Land Use Services Division Manager
Lisa Pringle, Supervising Planner
Mary Davis, Fall City Subarea Plan Project Manager
Tom Fitzpatrick, Senior Planner
Deborah Bull, Geographic Information System Analyst

13875

August 18, 1999

Dear Interested Citizen:

Enclosed is my recommended initial Fall City Subarea Plan. This plan provides long-term direction for the future of Fall City.

In the summer of 1998, the subarea plan project began with meetings to assess how Fall City residents view their community. The Fall City Subarea Plan Citizens Advisory Committee (CAC) worked diligently from October of 1998 through March of 1999 to develop their recommendations. There was strong community interest and participation throughout the planning process.

I am pleased to tell you that the recommended Fall City Subarea Plan embraces the majority of the CAC's recommendations. This is the direct outcome of the diligence that the CAC paid to their work.

King County is already making progress on several of the issues identified by the CAC. We are:

- conducting a study regarding the possible creation of a core landmark district and historic preservation district in Fall City;
- establishing a citizens advisory group to help identify and prioritize traffic and pedestrian safety needs in Fall City;
- developing a scenic drive program;
- hiring more enforcement and erosion control inspectors—which will enhance the County's environmental protection efforts for the benefit of the entire county; and
- continuing active participation with watershed studies and habitat protection efforts in the Snoqualmie Valley.

I thank the CAC members and all members of the community who invested great energy and effort to make this plan a reality. I am very supportive of the community's efforts to preserve the unique qualities and rural character of Fall City and the surrounding area.

Sincerely,

Ron Sims
King County Executive

FALL CITY SUBAREA PLAN 1999

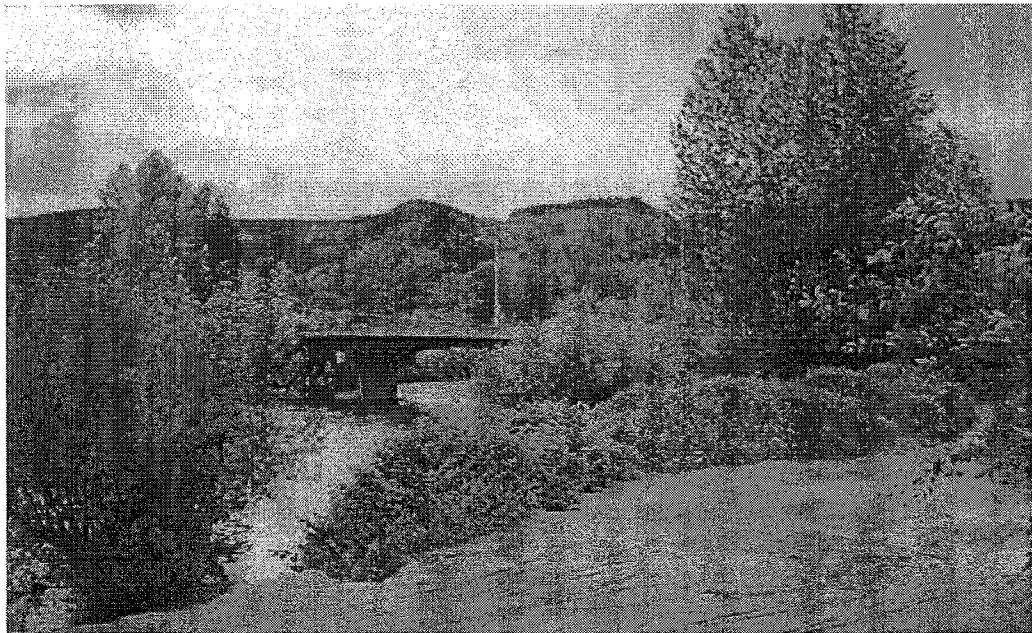


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Executive Summary

King County Comprehensive Plan Policy CP-929 required that a subarea plan be developed for the Rural Town of Fall City. The Fall City subarea planning project began in August of 1998 and was completed in 1999. An eleven-member citizen advisory committee was appointed by the director of the County's Department of Development and Environmental Services (DDES) to help develop recommendations for this subarea plan.

The subarea plan revisited land use designations, town boundaries, and comprehensive plan policies regarding Fall City which grew out of the Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan adopted in 1989. It was determined that the Fall City community is not supportive of the degree and type of growth that was envisioned by the Community Plan. There are also development constraints due to limited water supply, lack of public sewers, and environmentally sensitive areas.

The subarea plan recommendations are to:

- eliminate the Urban Reserve and rezone almost all of it RA-5*;
- reduce the overall Rural Town boundaries;
- rezone approximately 7.4 acres from Urban Reserve to R-4 and include it within the new Rural Town boundaries*;
- amend the county's R-4 zoning regulations to eliminate the required minimum density and the maximum density option only for parcels located within the Rural Town of Fall City;
- eliminate all of the potential zoning;
- rezone the R-12 zoned area to R-4;
- study the potential creation of a landmark or historical district and a rural character protection program;
- provide more trails and passive parks in the Fall City area;
- implement a traffic control and neighborhood traffic safety program; and
- consider designation of the Preston-Fall City Road as a scenic drive.

*Note: Prior to the adoption of this plan, the Executive may recommend a land use and zoning amendment for the western parcel of the Herbfarm in the event that both of the Herbfarm parcels are no longer under common ownership or the pending building permit for this site is terminated.

History of Fall City

The Snoqualmie Valley has been home to the Snoqualmie Tribe for thousands of years. One of the principal permanent villages of this tribe was located in what is now Fall City. The Point Elliot Treaty, signed in 1855 by Chief Patkanim of the Snoqualmie Tribe, ceded to the federal government all land from Snoqualmie Pass to Everett. At this time, there were approximately 4,000 tribal members living in 14 villages in the Snoqualmie Valley. This was one of the largest tribes in the Puget Sound region in the mid-1880's. The Snoqualmie Indians suffered devastating epidemics in the 18th and 19th centuries but still have several hundred members, most of whom reside in King County.

The Snoqualmie Valley, with its rich soils and flat land, attracted Euro-American settlers as early as 1858. Farming became one of the principal activities. Steamboats on the Snoqualmie River provided the primary transportation access to and through the valley until 1889.

In 1869, two brothers, Edwin and George Boham and James Taylor filed land claims and opened a trading post and store where Fall City stands today.

Fall City was platted by Jeremiah Borst in 1887, just prior to the extension of the railroad to Preston and the Upper Snoqualmie Valley in 1889 and 1890. Rail transportation rapidly supplanted steamboats for both passengers and freight.

In 1888 a bridge was constructed across the Snoqualmie River to Fall City. This replaced the old cable ferry and provided a more reliable and permanent passage between Fall City and the rest of the valley. Fall City was at an important crossroads between Issaquah, Snoqualmie, Redmond, and Tolt/Carnation. Automobile traffic grew steadily from 1907 onward.

In 1898, Charles Baker started building a hydroelectric power station at Snoqualmie Falls. In 1899, the Snoqualmie Falls Power Company started generating electricity for Seattle and Tacoma.

The timber industry was in its peak in 1908 in the Upper Snoqualmie Valley. Several logging camps and lumber mills operated around Fall City. The first sawmill in the Snoqualmie Valley was built in 1873 by Watson Allen.

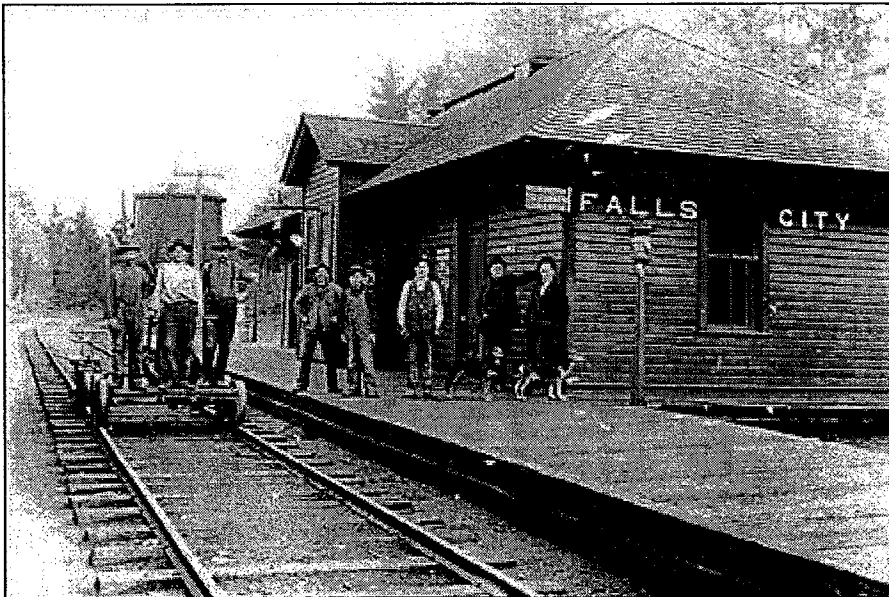
Dairying and truck farming became more prevalent as logging activity faded. The dominant land uses involved agricultural activities with major crops being hops, berries, herbs, and vegetables.

Tourism, sports fishing and hunting activities also grew in popularity in the valley. Snoqualmie Falls was a favorite tourist attraction reached by road from Fall City.

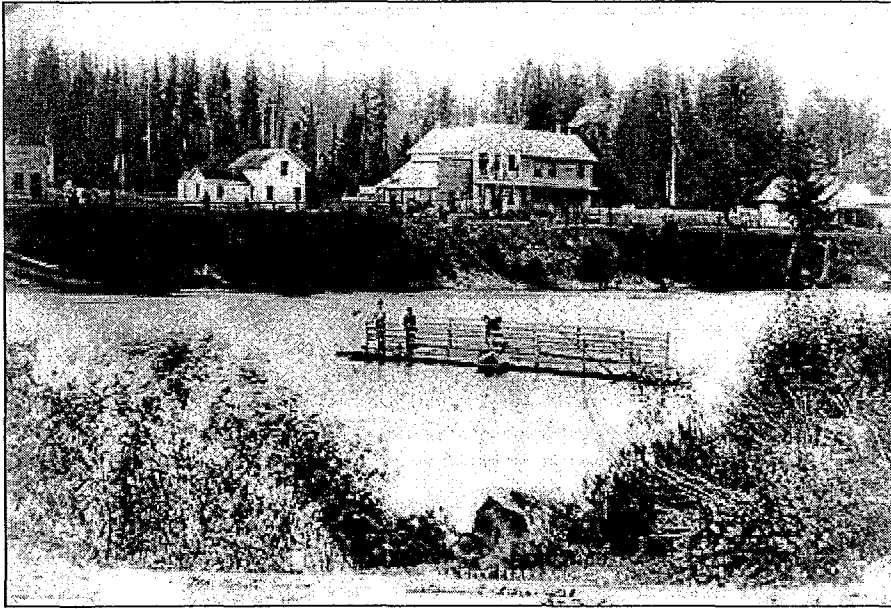
The town of Fall City is oriented toward the Snoqualmie River. The business district developed along the road next to the river. By the early 1900's, the well-established commercial area included dry goods stores, a restaurant, a hotel, a barbershop, and several saloons.

Fall City's residential area started within the original plat of Fall City. The plat contained urban-sized lots of 25 feet by 100 feet but the actual development was more rural. The core residential neighborhood developed with modest one- and two-story homes surrounded by open lots used for growing fruit, vegetables, herbs, and flowers and raising livestock.

History of Fall City Information Sources: Ada S. Hill, *A History of the Snoqualmie Valley*, Snoqualmie Valley Historical Society, 1972; Margaret Corliss, *Fall City in the Valley of the Moon*, published by the author in 1972; James R. Warren, *King County and Its Emerald City: Seattle*, American Press, 1997; and *Seattle Times* newspaper.



Fall City railroad depot, circa 1909.
Photo courtesy of the Fall City Historical Society



Ferry across the Snoqualmie River to Fall City.
Photo courtesy of the Fall City Historical Society



Photo (undated) courtesy of the Fall City Historical Society

Background Information

The 1985 King County Comprehensive Plan designated the Snoqualmie Valley community planning area as Rural Area and Resource Lands, including agriculture, forestry, rural residential development and rural activity centers. This plan recognized five towns as Rural Activity Centers in this planning area: Carnation, Duvall, Fall City, North Bend, and Snoqualmie. Rural Activity Centers were intended to have low residential densities and infrastructure and services appropriate for a rural lifestyle. The rural areas outside of the proposed expansion areas for these centers were proposed to have low-density residential densities averaging one home per five acres of land.

In the late 1980's the Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan (initiated in April 1984 and adopted in August 1989) was developed with the assistance of a citizens advisory committee composed of local residents and property owners. The Snoqualmie planning area was one of 13 community planning areas in King County and covers some 400 square miles (south of Snohomish County, east of Bear Creek and East Sammamish areas, north of Tiger Mountain and Rattlesnake Ridge, and west of the Cascade Mountains). In 1989, the King County Council adopted the Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan. The key concerns identified included: preservation of rural character; protection and preservation of natural resources; continued economic vitality for the valley cities; preservation of resource lands, open space, historical and archaeological resources; and accommodation of projected population growth.

The Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan recommended that if sewers become available in Fall City, low density multifamily development, new commercial areas and increased density for single family residential development could occur. These areas are identified as having "potential zoning" of R-4 for the area identified as "Urban Reserve," Regional Business for new commercial area adjacent to the existing commercial area, and R-12 for an area currently zoned R-4 at the northeast corner of the town

There are only three areas in King County designated as "Rural Towns": Fall City, the Town of Vashon, and Snoqualmie Pass. This designation recognizes the historical development of these unincorporated rural areas which include commercial centers and higher density residential settlement patterns than the rest of the rural parts of the County.

In 1990-91, the Washington State Legislature passed the Growth Management Act and King County developed a new comprehensive plan to comply with it. In 1994, King County adopted the new comprehensive plan. The 1994 King County Comprehensive Plan continues the designations for Fall City adopted in 1985 and 1989. Please refer to the Fall City existing zoning map, Fall City Area Zoning: Existing, for more information.

In 1998, most of the community plans were repealed as plans separate from the county's comprehensive plan, and the appropriate policies from these community plans were readopted in a new Chapter 14, "Community Plans" of the King County Comprehensive Plan.

Planning in King County

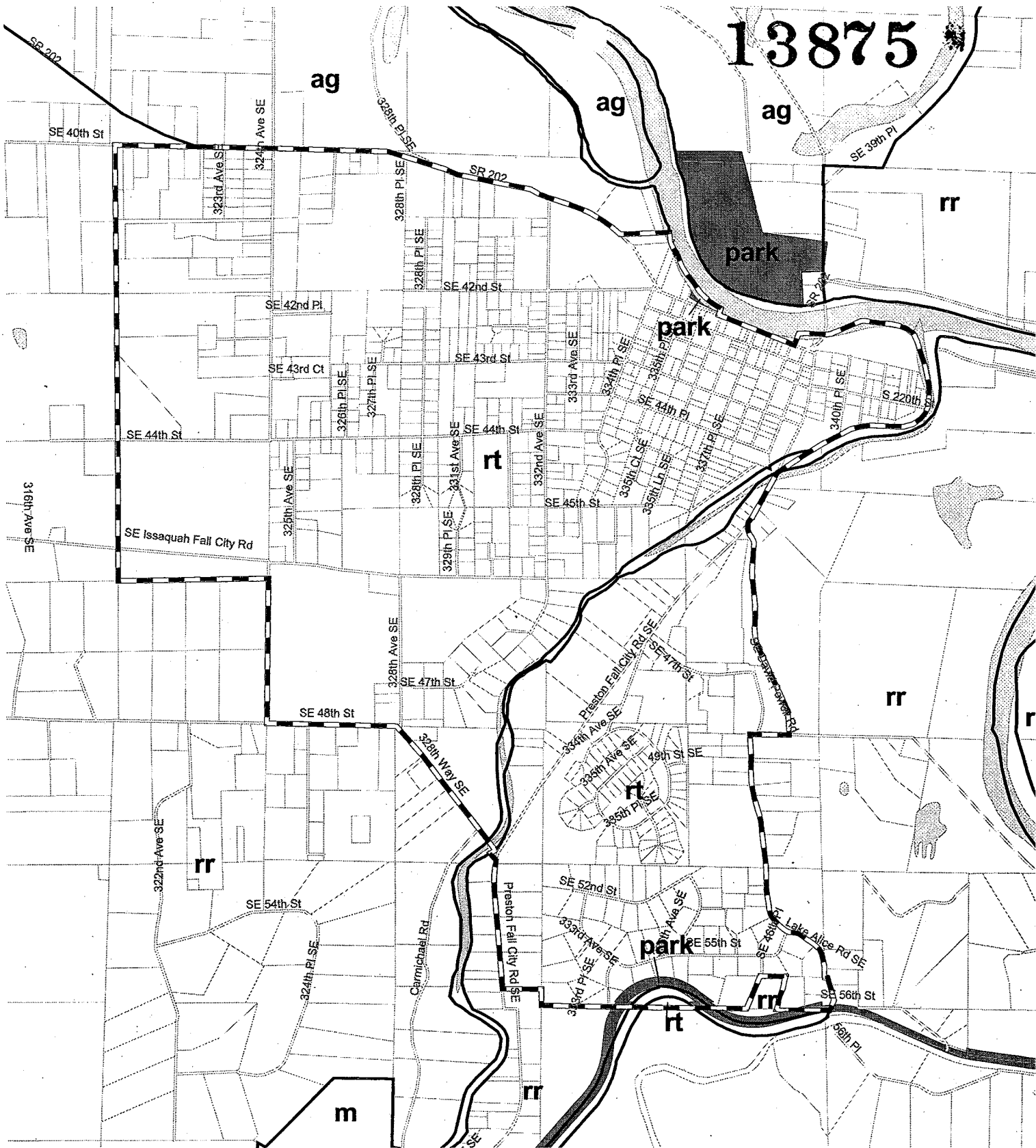
King County Comprehensive Plan

The county's comprehensive plan is the principal planning document for the orderly development of the county. Subarea plans must be consistent with the county's comprehensive plan policies, development regulations and land use map. Policy CP-929 of the comprehensive plan called for a subarea plan for Fall City to address land use and zoning. Chapter 13 of the comprehensive plan contains policies regarding rural land use.

Fall City Subarea Plan

The subarea plan makes recommendations to amend several policies and the land use map in the King County Comprehensive Plan, the zoning map, and zoning code (King County Code Title 21A).





Fall City Subarea Plan: Current Land Use Designations

Existing Rural Town Boundary

Existing King County Comprehensive Plan Land Use

rt - Rural Town

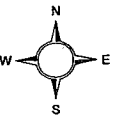
rr - Rural Residential

ag - Agriculture

m - Mining

park - King County Owned Parks and Open Space

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King County
 Department of Development and Environmental Services
 Geographic Information System

This map is intended for planning purposes only and is not guaranteed to show accurate measurements.

Existing Conditions

Size and boundaries: The Rural Town boundaries of Fall City adopted in 1989 are: Snoqualmie River on the north, Raging River on the northeast, SE David Powel Road and Lake Alice Road SE on the east, SE 56th St. on the south, Preston-Fall City Road and 328th Way SE on the southwest, SE 48th St and SE 46th St. and 326th Ave. SE at the central westside, and 321st Ave. SE at the northerly portion of the west side. This encompasses nearly 700 acres of land. See map of Fall City Subarea Plan: Current Land Use Designations on the previous page.

Development patterns

In the older part of Fall City, parcels are small and development is more compact than the rest of the town. About one fourth of the town area is vacant land. Larger tracts of land and less dense development is characteristic of the outer reaches of the town.

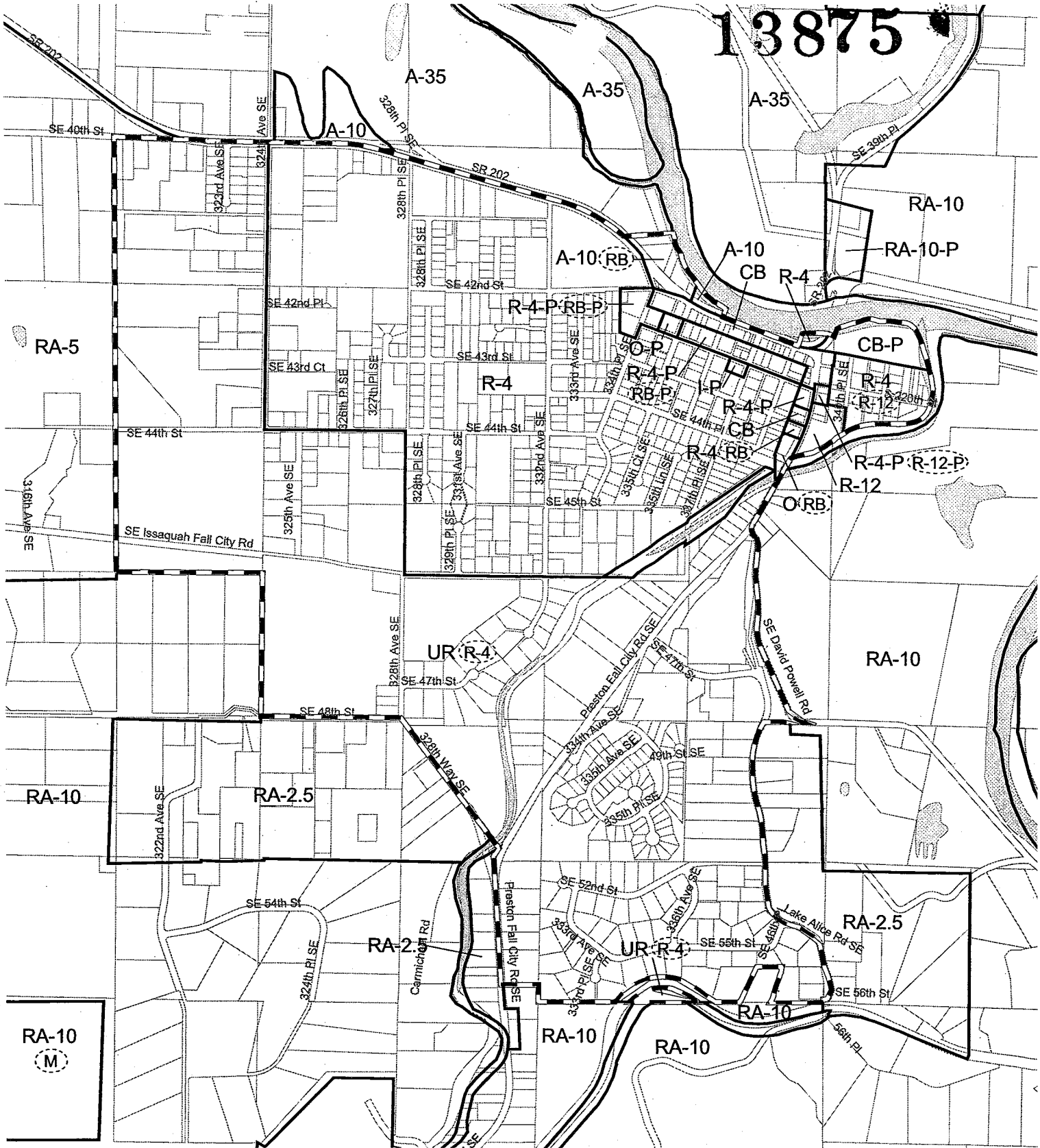
Land uses

There is a well-established business district which faces the Snoqualmie River and an adjoining small commercial section along the Preston-Fall City Road. There are churches, schools, library, post office, fire station, police station/community services center, welding shop, mobile home parks, nurseries, cemetery, and a county roads maintenance shop at various locations throughout the town. Most of the land area contains single family homes, vacant land, and pasture land.

Zoning

The existing zoning is predominately single family residential with small areas of commercial, multiple family residential, industrial and office zoning. The post office and county roads maintenance shop are zoned Office. A welding shop is zoned Industrial. Several parcels along the south side of SR202 and a few parcels on both sides of the Preston-Fall City Road SE are zoned Community Business. There is a small area at the northeast part of town, which includes a mobile home park that is zoned R-12. The larger part of the north and east part of town is zoned R-4 and the remaining area to the west and south is zoned Urban Reserve. See the existing zoning map, Fall City Area Zoning: Existing, on the next page.

The Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan area zoning recommendations resulted in potential zoning designations for several properties in Fall City, contingent on the availability of public sanitary sewers. If all of the potential zoning were realized, it would significantly expand the downtown commercial area and adjacent multiple family residential area and allow for R-4 intensity of residential development in the Urban Reserve area.



Fall City Area Zoning: Existing

Existing Rural Town Boundary

Existing King County Area Zoning

A-10 - Agricultural, one DU per 10 acres

UR - Urban Reserve, one DU per 5 acres

R-4 - Residential, 4 DU per acre

R-12 - Residential, 12 DU per acre

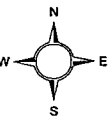
CB - Community Business

O - Office

I - Industrial

- Potential Zone

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EXISTING ZONING

Current Zoning	Number of Parcels	Acres	Part that is currently vacant (acres)
Agriculture, A-10	7	5.25	1.01
Community Business (CB)	30	11.14	6.73
Office (O)	3	1.52	0.00
Urban Residential, R-12	3	2.58	0.14
Urban Residential, R-4	514	269.93	38.65
Industrial (I)	1	0.32	0
Urban Reserve (UR)	323	406.54	125.31
Totals		697.28	171.71 (24.7%)

POTENTIAL ZONING

Potential Zoning	Number of Parcels	Acres
Urban Residential, R-12	31	10.49
Urban Residential, R-4	274	390.33
Regional Business (RB)	26	11.38
Totals	331	412.20



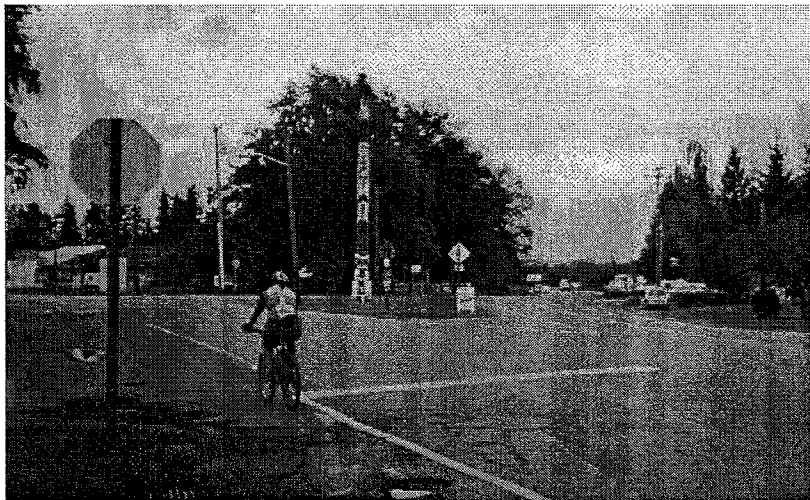
Sensitive Areas

There are significant wetland and floodplain areas in this part of the Snoqualmie Valley. The Snoqualmie River and the Raging River converge at Fall City. Both rivers are Class 1 and are significant salmon spawning areas. See the Hydrologic Sensitive Areas Map on page 12 for more details.

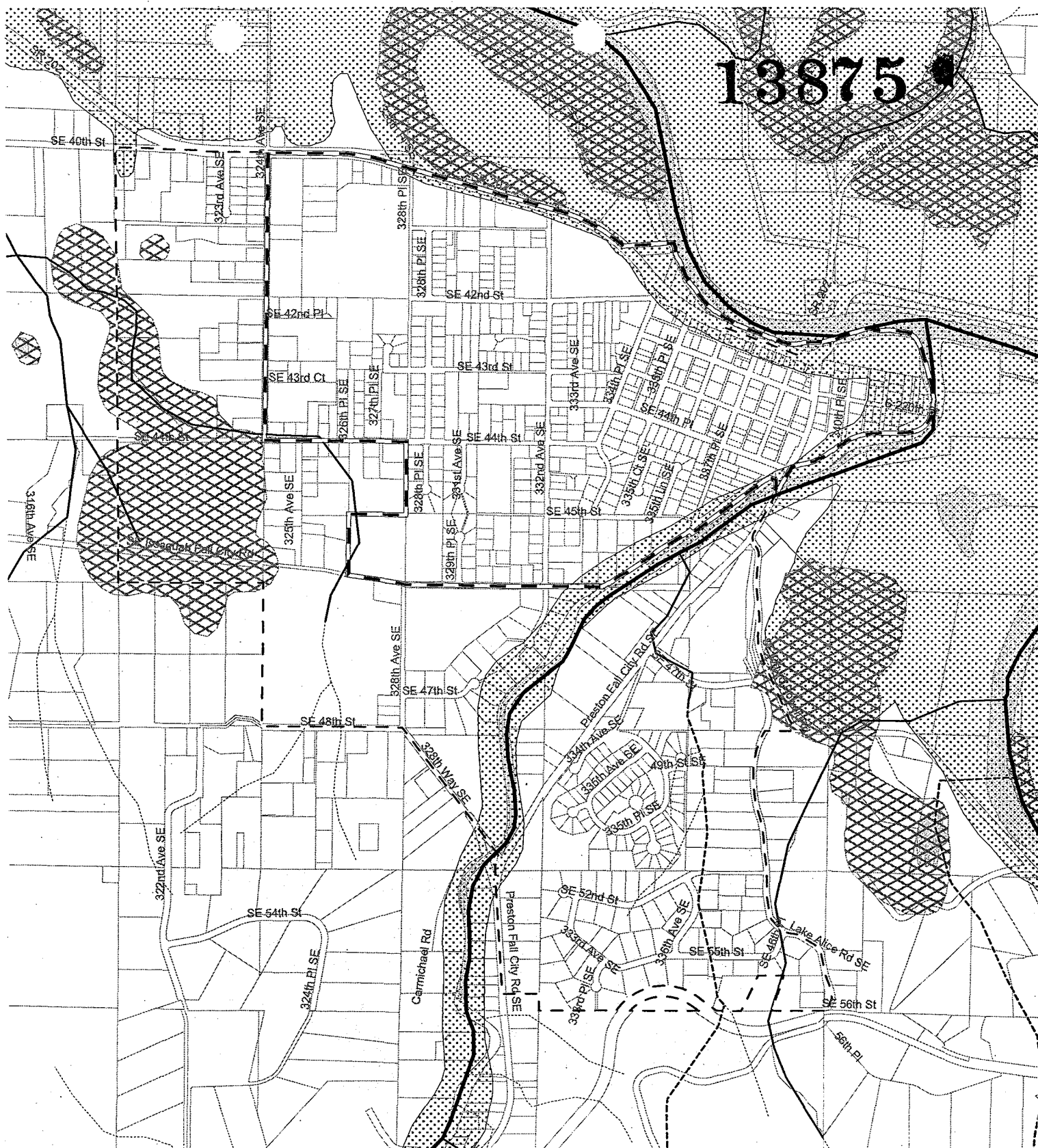
Areas of steep slopes which are subject to erosion and landslide hazards are located south and east of Fall City. Seismic hazard areas are located north and east of Fall City, primarily within the floodplain areas, and also within the northwest and northeast corners of Fall City. There are erosion hazard areas along portions of the rivers going through the valley. See the Geologic Sensitive Areas Map on page 13 for more details.

Circulation/Transportation

The main access to Fall City is via State Routes 202 and 203, the Issaquah-Fall City Road, and the Preston-Fall City Road. The older platted area of Fall City has a regular grid of residential streets connecting to the primary access routes. Areas farther out from the center of town contain larger and less developed properties and are served by a much more limited street network. Sidewalks are primarily limited to the commercial area. Grass and gravel alleys are located along the south side of the businesses on State Route 202 (Redmond – Fall City Road). Public transit serves Fall City.



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Fall City Hydrologic Sensitive Areas

Proposed New Rural Town Boundary Existing Rural Town Boundary

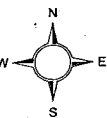
Sensitive Areas Ordinance Hydrologic Sensitive Areas

Classified Streams

- Class 1
- Class 2 Perennial
- Class 2 Salmonid
- Class 3
- Unclassified

- Wetland
- 100 Year Floodplain

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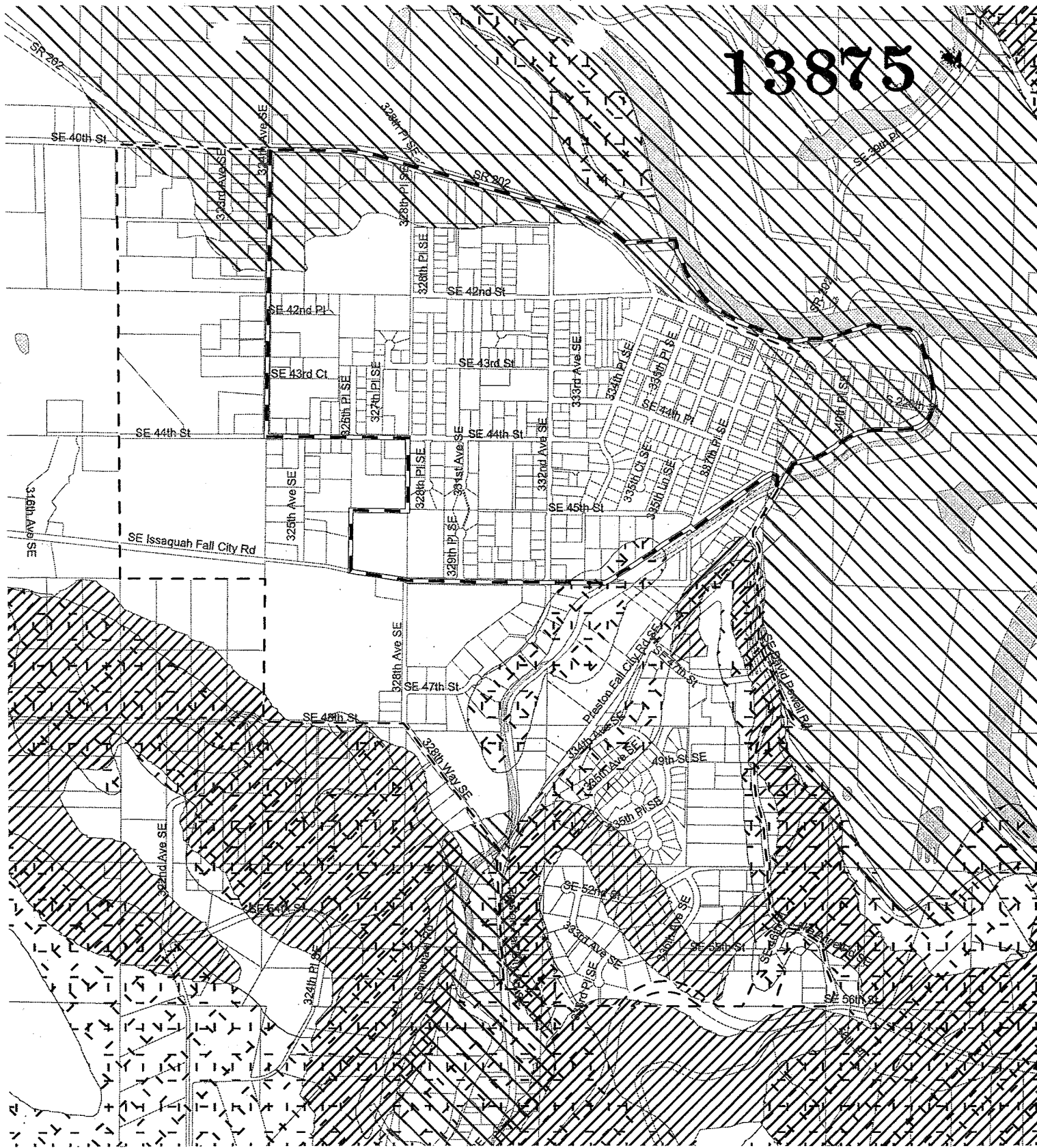


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
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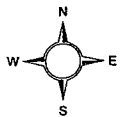
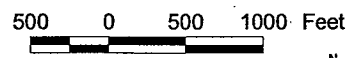



Fall City Geologic Sensitive Areas

 Proposed New Rural Town Boundary
  Existing Rural Town Boundary

Sensitive Areas Ordinance Geologic Hazard Areas

-  Erosion Hazard
-  Landslide Hazard
-  Seismic Hazard




King County
 Department of Development and Environmental Services
 Geographic Information System

This map is intended for planning purposes only and is not guaranteed to show accurate measurements.

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Utilities

The Fall City Water District provides water to the entire area of Fall City as well as a larger service area around it. The District's comprehensive water plan indicates that there is adequate capacity to serve all projected demand, based on population forecasts by the Puget Sound Regional Council, over the next twenty years.

The water source for the District is groundwater. One of the primary concerns of any water utility using groundwater is protection of the water quality. The Washington State Department of Health (DOH) requires large water utilities to designate well head protection areas. These areas are where rain, and potentially contaminants, will soak down into the soil and get in to the well. DOH requires monitoring of well head protection areas. The level of monitoring required is dependent upon the kinds of land uses within the well head protection area. The District's well head protection area covers a large part of Fall City.

Sewage disposal in Fall City is currently provided by on-site septic systems. In 1990, in order to assess the feasibility of implementing a public sewer system in Fall City, King County participated in the development of a Wastewater Facilities Plan (WFP) for the area.

The WFP found that most homes and businesses in Fall City were built prior to the adoption of the Health Department's minimum lot size requirements, and few septic tanks in the commercial area meet current health department design criteria. The study concluded that the commercial area in Fall City, as well as existing residential development with lot sizes smaller than 12,500 square feet, should be sewered as soon as affected property owners deemed it financially feasible.

These recommendations notwithstanding, the projected cost of the new sewer system was high - approaching \$4 million - and after a series of public meetings, the Wastewater Facilities Plan was not implemented.

Electrical service is provided by Puget Sound Energy.

Parks/Open Space

There is a community park along the south side of the Snoqualmie River, an elementary school, a middle school, and a section of the Preston-Snoqualmie Trail within the existing Rural Town boundaries of Fall City.

Demographics

The 1990 United States Census reported a population of 3,888 and 1,395 housing units within Census Tract 326.00. Fall City is not an incorporated city and census information is not available specifically for the area encompassed by the Rural Town boundaries. Fall City, however is within an area identified in the census as a "Census Designated Place" and the 1990 population was reported as 1,850.

The 1997 population estimate for Census Tract 326.00 is approximately 4,500, with about 1,700 housing units. About half of this may be within the current boundaries of the Rural Town of Fall City.

Based on 1997 data from the Washington State Employment Security Department, the total employment level in Census Tract 326.00 was about 1,100 jobs. Of these, there were about 700 jobs in the government and education sector and some 400 private sector jobs.

Development of the Fall City Subarea Plan

Purpose: The subarea planning effort was directed toward reviewing the land use and zoning designations for Fall City to recommend appropriate revisions and update the county's comprehensive plan policies for this area.

Public Process: Two introductory meetings were held in Fall City by county staff in August and September, 1998, to announce the subarea planning project, recruit volunteers to serve on an advisory committee and identify community concerns and issues.

An eleven-member citizens advisory committee (CAC) and four alternate members were appointed by the director of the King County Department of Development and Environmental Services. The committee held eleven meetings to review information and develop recommendations for the subarea plan. These meetings were open to the public and were well attended. Public comments and questions were received by the committee throughout the meetings. Written public comments were also distributed to the committee for their consideration. Staff from the Seattle-King County Health District; Washington State Department of Transportation; and King County's Transportation Department, Natural Resources Department, Department of Development and Environmental Services, and the Office of Cultural Resources presented information at the committee meetings and answered questions.

The CAC developed written recommendations for the subarea plan and proposed amendments to the county's comprehensive plan policies regarding Fall City. The CAC made several revisions to their recommendations to address public comments and finalized their recommendations in March, 1999.

There were two community meetings held, first to present the CAC's recommendations and the second to present the King County Executive's recommendations for the Fall City Subarea Plan. These meetings drew over two hundred people.

Four meeting notices were mailed to local residents and property owners in and around Fall City. Meeting materials, including agendas, minutes, maps, and handouts, were placed on reserve at the Fall City Public Library. Copies of meeting notices and the drafts and final subarea plan recommendations were placed in the Fall City Post Office and the Fall City Community Services Center. Meeting notices and background information about the subarea-planning project were placed on the DDES web page on the Internet.

Community Values and Goals

Local residents have a strong sense of place and cohesive community spirit. The town has a historic development pattern and unique qualities. Fall City residents value the open spaces within the town, historic buildings and landmarks,

gardens, rural landscape of the surrounding countryside, livestock, scenic views of the valley and mountains, small rural town identity, and close-knit community interactions. The overriding sentiment expressed throughout the subarea planning process was to preserve the rural character of Fall City and the surrounding area.

Community goals identified by the Fall City Subarea Plan Citizens Advisory Committee include:

- **Retain the compact, small size of the town.**
- **Protect scenic rural view corridors.**
- **Preserve agricultural and forest areas around Fall City.**
- **Limit future growth within and around the town.**
- **Preserve historic settlement patterns and landmarks.**
- **Retain pasture land and open space within the town.**
- **Maintain a steady population level in Fall City.**
- **Continue the historically low-density residential development pattern in and around Fall City.**
- **Preserve locally owned businesses in a small scale downtown.**



Issues and Opportunities

The preliminary issues identified by Fall City residents at the beginning of the subarea planning project included:

Sewers versus Septic Systems. Should Fall City continue to rely on septic systems or is there a need and local support for the development of a public sanitary sewer system?

Re-evaluate zoning in light of infrastructure and natural constraints. The current King County Comprehensive Plan land use and zoning designations for Fall City resulted from the Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan. The subarea planning process follows up on the issues related to Fall City.

What zoning is appropriate considering the potential difficulties of providing a full sewer system and treatment plant, and the development restrictions within a floodplain? Should the amount of commercial zoning be changed? Should the Urban Reserve area be altered? What zoning changes might be warranted to assure protection of the rural town character of Fall City? What kind of future do local residents, business owners, and property owners envision for the town of Fall City?

What should be the boundaries of the Rural Town of Fall City? Are the amounts and locations of the Urban Reserve areas reasonable to include as part of the Rural Town limits?

What can be done about the transportation problems impacting Fall City? The drivers of heavy trucks try to avoid the weigh station on Interstate 90 by taking a detour through Fall City and this creates noise, air pollution, additional traffic, and pedestrian hazards. Fall City is severely impacted by pass-through traffic as the eastern part of King County continues to develop.

Subarea Plan Policies

The Fall City Subarea Plan Citizens Advisory Committee (CAC) held public meetings from October of 1998 through March of 1999 and developed their recommendations. The Fall City Citizens Advisory Committee's recommendations were reviewed by county staff and the King County Executive. The Executive took into account the CAC's recommendations, county staff's comments, and public comment on the subarea plan and developed his own recommendations. The Executive concurs with the majority of the CAC's recommendations. Several of the CAC's recommendations will be addressed via other forums.

Please refer to the two maps, Fall City Subarea Plan - Proposed Land Use Designations and Fall City Area Zoning: Executive Proposal, on the following pages for the Executive's proposed changes to the King County Comprehensive Plan Land Use Map and Area zoning for Fall City.

Sanitary Sewers

S-1 On-site septic systems, community drainfields, or other alternative wastewater treatment systems are the preferred methods for wastewater treatment and disposal. Consistent with King County Comprehensive Plan Policy F-313 and King County Code 13.24.124, public sewers may be allowed to serve the Fall City business district. The business and commercial property owners in Fall City are the responsible parties to initiate and finance future sewage disposal improvements.

As noted in the Utilities section of this Plan, adequate sewage disposal is an issue in the Fall City Business District. If not addressed, this may pose a threat to public health in the future. In order to provide the community with options for long-term solutions to existing sewage disposal problems and to protect the environmental integrity of the Snoqualmie River, alternative wastewater treatment systems or public sewers should be considered to serve the Fall City Business District.

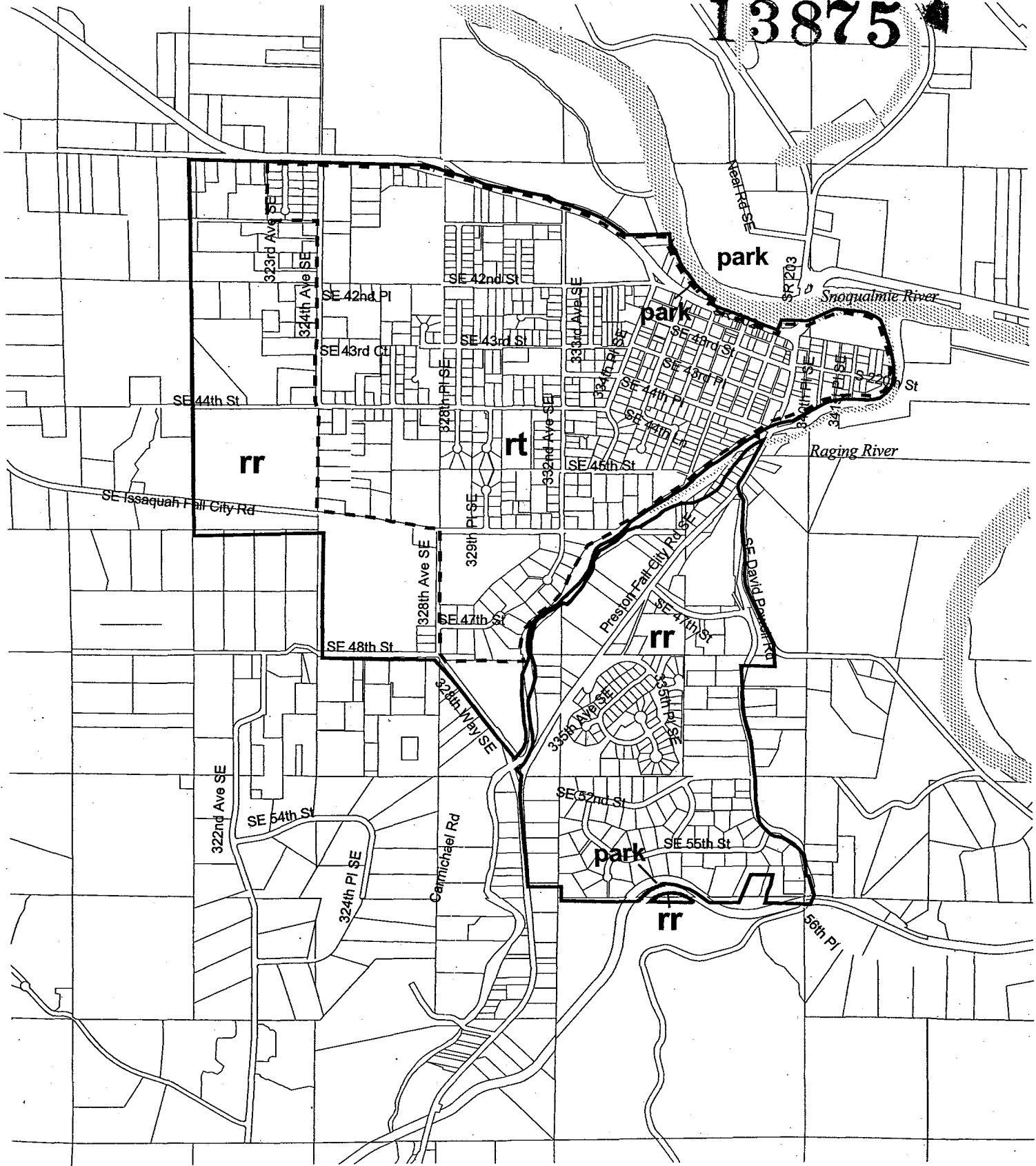
Rural Town Boundaries of Fall City

RT-1 The Rural Town boundaries of Fall City are shown on the map on page 21, and reflect the community's strong commitment to its rural character, recognize existing development patterns, and respect natural features.*



The revised Rural Town boundaries eliminate the Urban Reserve area and reduce the amount of potential growth around the historic core of Fall City.

*Note: Prior to the adoption of this plan, the Executive may recommend a land use and zoning amendment for the western parcel of the Herbfarm in the event that both of the Herbfarm parcels are no longer under common ownership or the pending building permit for this site is terminated.

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Fall City Subarea Plan: Proposed Land Use Designations

 Proposed New Rural Town Boundary
  Existing Rural Town Boundary

GMUAC Proposed King County Comprehensive Plan Land Use

rt - Rural Town

rr - Rural Residential

park - King County Owned Parks and Open Space

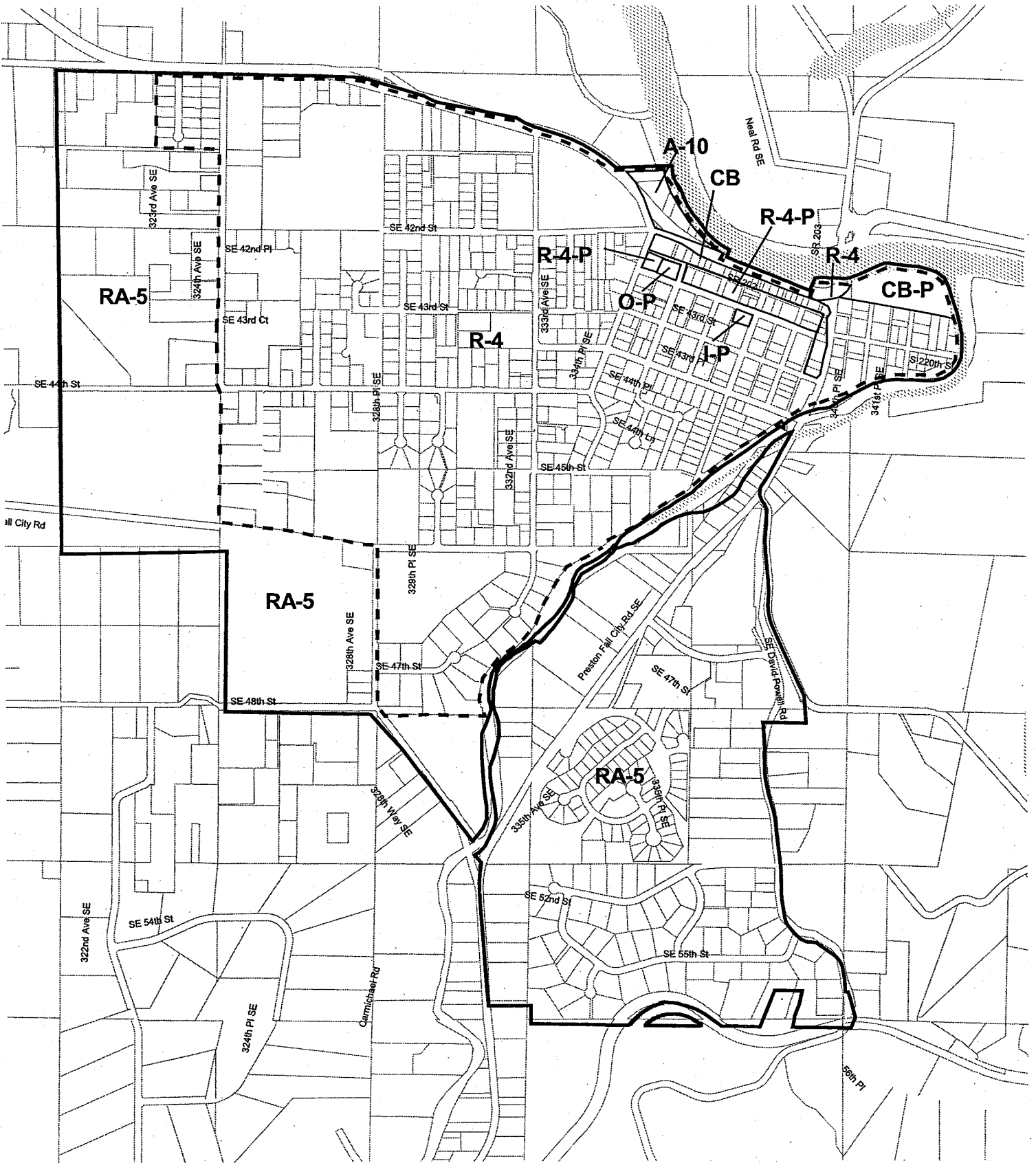
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Metropolitan King County Council
March 28, 2000



This map is intended for planning purposes only and is not guaranteed to show accurate measurements.



Fall City Area Zoning: GMUAC Recommended

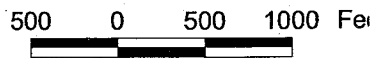
Proposed New Rural Town Boundary

Proposed Zoning as recommended by the GMUAC

- A-10 (Agricultural, one DU per 10 acres)
- RA-5 (Rural Area, one DU per 5 acres)
- R-4 (Residential, 4 DU per acre)
- CB (Community Business)
- I (Industrial)

DU = dwelling unit

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Metropolitan King County Council
March 28, 2000



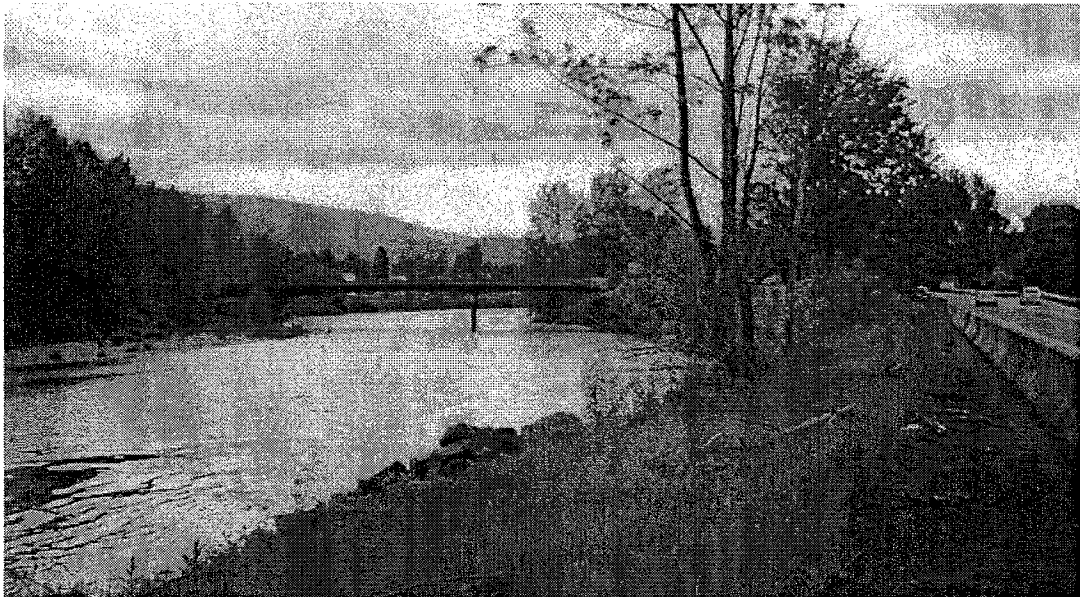
This map is intended for planning purposes only and is not guaranteed to show accurate measurements.

Land Use

L-1 The Urban Reserve area identified in the Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan should be redesignated to protect rural character and to recognize the logical outer boundary of the Rural Town. Those areas previously zoned Urban Reserve which are currently developed at densities similar to or greater than other properties included in the Rural Town boundaries are appropriately included within the Rural Town and redesignated to R-4, as indicated on the land use map on page 21. The remaining portions of the area previously zoned Urban Reserve are appropriately redesignated Rural Residential and rezoned to RA-5.*

The Urban Reserve zoning allows one dwelling unit per five acres and the RA-5 zoning would continue that same density. The Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan anticipated widespread growth in the valley and recommended potential R-4 zoning for this area along the south and west edges of the historical center of Fall City, subject to the provision of sanitary sewers and road improvements. The Urban Reserve added a large area to Fall City to help make it economically feasible to finance a sewer system. Fall City residents, however, have strongly rejected proposals to construct sewers in their community. Independent of the sewer issue, the Fall City community values its rural character and wants to protect it from the impacts of increased development.

*Note: Prior to the adoption of this plan, the Executive may recommend a land use and zoning amendment for the western parcel of the Herbfarm in the event that both of the Herbfarm parcels are no longer under common ownership or the pending building permit for this site is terminated.



L-2 Residential development within the revised boundaries of the Rural Town of Fall City should be at densities ranging from one to four dwelling units per acre. All residential land should be zoned R-4 and the zoning code should be amended to eliminate the minimum density requirement and the maximum density option for R-4 zoned properties located within the Rural Town of Fall City.

The majority of the residential area within the revised boundaries of the Rural Town of Fall City is zoned R-4. On-site septic systems in Fall City commonly require minimum lot areas of 20,000 square feet or greater. The R-4 zone is an urban residential zone which requires a minimum density of three dwelling units per acre and allows up to 6 dwelling units per acre if certain criteria are met. In order to adapt this urban zoning to a Rural Town setting, it is appropriate to eliminate the minimum density requirement and the maximum density option of the R-4 zone.





The only other residential zoning is R-12 and is limited to a mobile home park, an adjacent vacant lot owned by the mobile home park owner, and a house on a separate lot. The R-12 zoned parcels are partially within the floodplain for the Raging River. Without sanitary sewers, new residential development would be very limited in Fall City. The existing R-12 zoned parcels should be downzoned to R-4. The mobile home park would be allowed to continue under R-4 zoning.

The potential R-12 zoning for an area at the northeast part of Fall City should be eliminated. This potential zoning originated in the Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan and was premised on future availability of sanitary sewers and road improvements.

L-3 The keeping and raising of livestock should be allowed in a Rural Town.

The keeping and raising of livestock has been a traditional use within Fall City but the King County Zoning Code prohibits it in urban residential zones. The zoning code should be amended to allow this use on property zoned R-4, an urban residential zone, when located in a Rural Town. This will be addressed by upcoming legislation related to the keeping of large livestock.

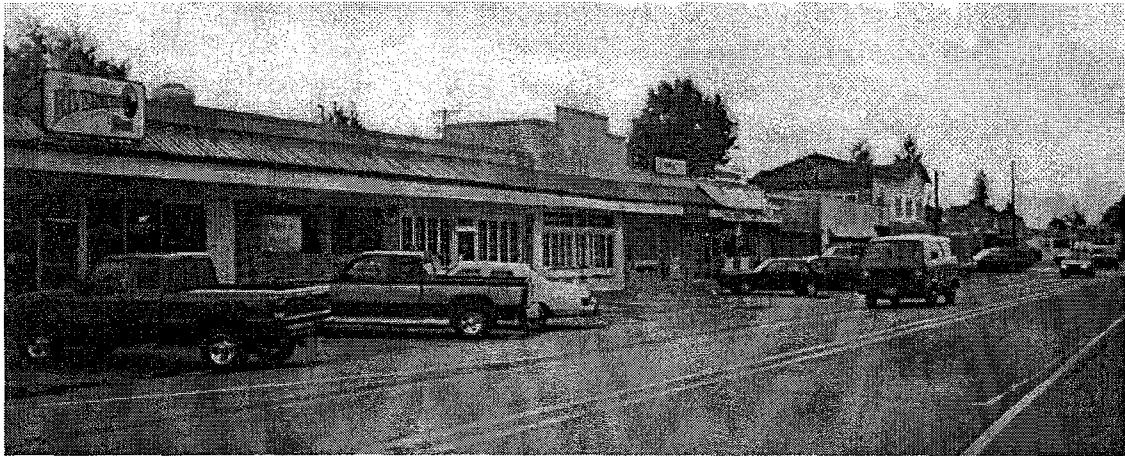
L-4 Fall City's existing commercial and industrial land base should be retained. Future expansion of the business district is provided for in this Plan through Potential Community Business zoning, which may be realized through an area-wide rezone initiated by the King County Council once alternative wastewater treatment systems or public sewers are available.

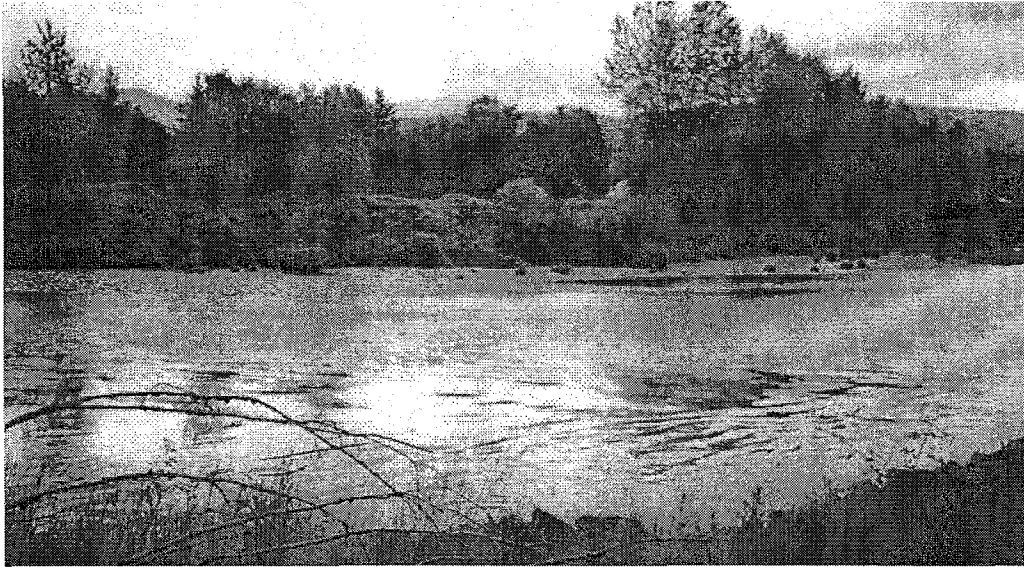
The areas zoned for commercial uses in Fall City are not sufficient to serve local needs. Therefore, some expansion of the business district should be permitted when adequate wastewater treatment facilities are available. Home occupations, home industries and specialty school uses allowed within the residential area also supplement the business activities in town. Additionally, there are several nonconforming businesses within the rural town boundaries of Fall City, which provide goods and services for the community, and which should be recognized with commercial zoning. Fall City residents want to protect the small rural character of

their community and as such desire only limited additional commercial development, as provided for in this Plan.

The existing septic systems within the downtown business district are, generally, old and may not meet current health standards for on-site septic systems. While there are no known failing systems, many may be suspect. Expansion of the main commercial area is only appropriate if alternative wastewater treatment systems or public sewers become available.

Under the Snoqualmie Valley Community Plan, several R-4 zoned parcels adjacent to the existing downtown business district at the south and west edges were given potential zoning for Regional Business. Regional Business zoning is not appropriate for Fall City. It does not fit with the rural character and historic development pattern, and there is insufficient infrastructure to support Regional Business uses. Most existing commercial properties in Fall City have Community Business zoning, which is a more appropriate commercial designation for these properties.





All of the commercially zoned properties in Fall City are developed with the exception of a six-acre vacant site at the east end of the business district. This site is located at the confluence of the Snoqualmie River and the Raging River and lies totally within the floodway, which severely limits its use.



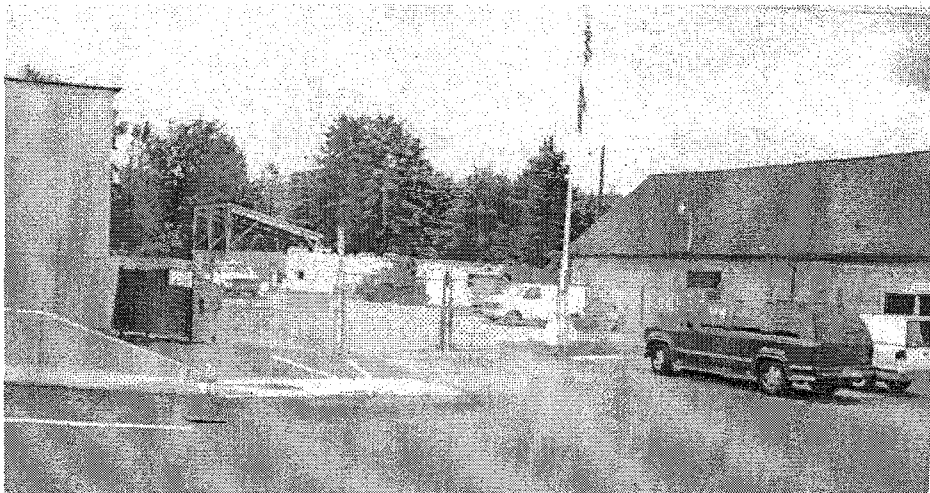
The only parcel zoned Industrial has a machine shop and a welding shop on it. This parcel was rezoned to Industrial in 1972 subject to a number of conditions including one that limited the use of the site to machine shop and welding activities. The operational limitations imposed by the 1972 zoning action provide sufficient protection for the surrounding properties and there is community support for allowing this business to continue, subject to these conditions.

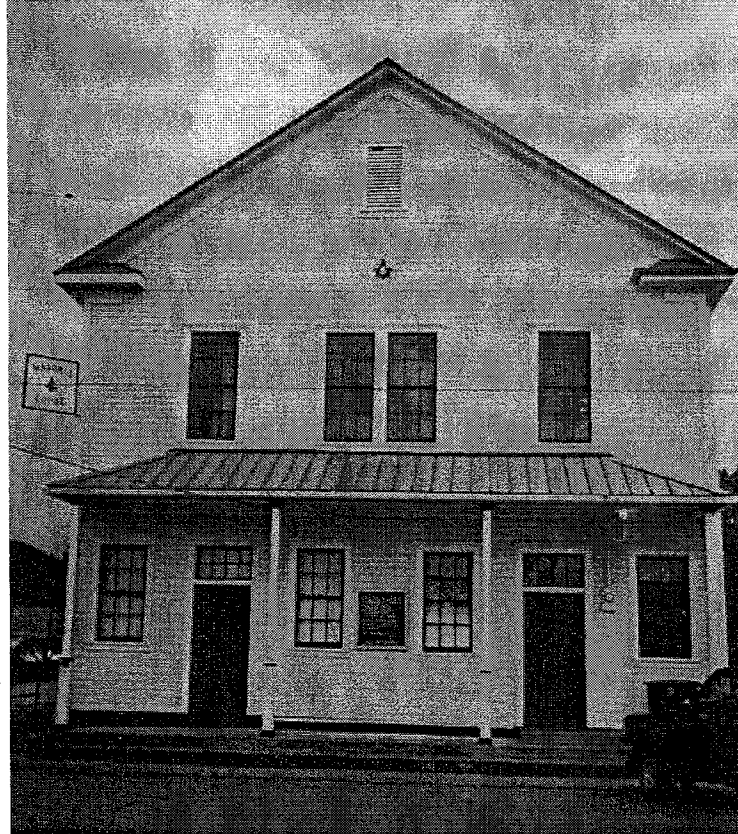
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L-5 Office zoning should be retained for the US Post Office site but changed to R-4 for the King County Roads Maintenance Yard site.

There are only two sites with Office zoning in Fall City: the post office and the county's roads maintenance yard. Part of the roads maintenance yard is zoned R-4 and part of it is zoned Office. A county road maintenance yard is an allowed use in the R-4 zone.

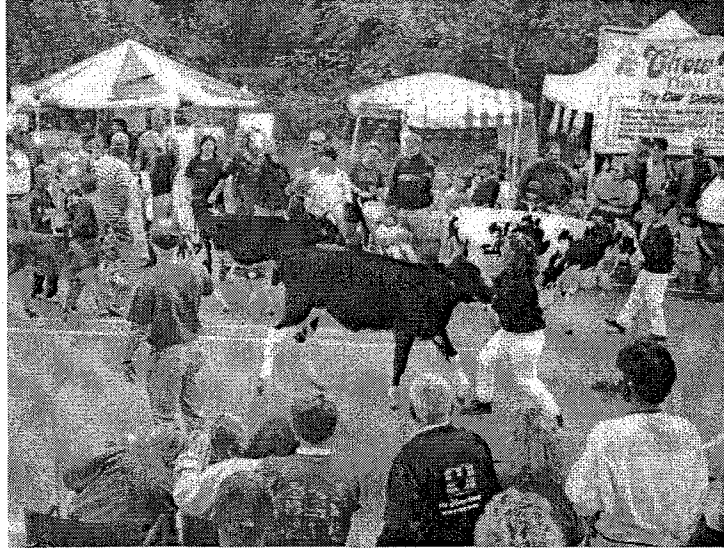




Historic Preservation

H-1 King County should work with the community to preserve the historic character of Fall City, including working with individual property owners who are interested in attaining landmark status for significant buildings within the Rural Town.

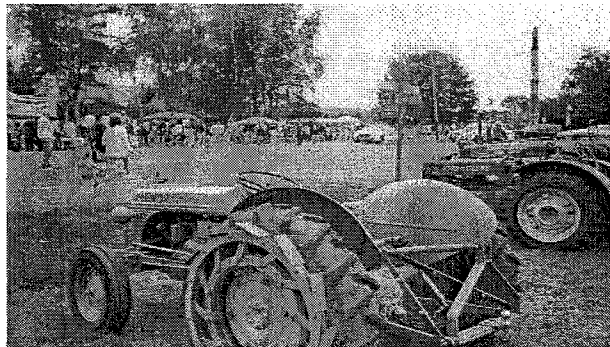
In recognition of the importance of preserving the built legacy of historic rural towns, King County's Office of Cultural Resources is available to assist owners of historic structures in Fall City who are interested in exploring a landmark designation for their property.



Rural Character

R-1 King County may develop a rural character protection program (e.g. a rural conservation district) that addresses such issues as: rural landscape, signs, vistas, historic landmarks, design standards (building and infrastructure), and land use controls.

Various types of single-purpose conservation districts have been used in the United States over the past fifty years to preserve natural and other resources, including agricultural soils, water supplies, and, more recently, historic areas. Historic conservation districts have been used successfully in urban areas to preserve historic character and to revitalize neighborhoods.





Parks, Trails and Open Space

PTO-1 King County should expand soft surface pedestrian, equestrian, and bicycle trail opportunities serving Fall City.

PTO-2 King County should conduct a trail feasibility study for the Preston-Fall City corridor which reviews options and recommends ways to connect Fall City to the Snoqualmie Valley Trail and the Preston- Snoqualmie Trail.

PTO-3 King County should provide more passive use parks in the Fall City area.

The King County Parks and Recreation Department will address these issues as part of their on-going efforts and some results could occur within a one-year time frame. These potential actions include, but are not limited to: reconveyance of land owned by the Washington State Department of Natural Resources for use as parks, trails, and open space; development of existing county owned park land in the Fall City area for parks, open space, and trails and conversion of Washington State Trust Lands for county parks and recreational uses. There is a process for requesting reconveyance or conversion of state owned lands for county parks, open space and trail purposes. The Parks and Recreation Department also updates their trail and parks plan periodically and amends their capital improvements program accordingly. New funds would be required to acquire new parcels for use as open space, parks, or trails and to develop new parks and trails. Additional study and community input would be necessary to determine the extent and nature of such acquisitions and improvements.



Circulation

C-1 King County should consider developing new rural road standards.

This is a countywide issue and cannot be changed through the adoption of this plan. King County currently has limited rural road standards. A broader development of rural road standards is under consideration.



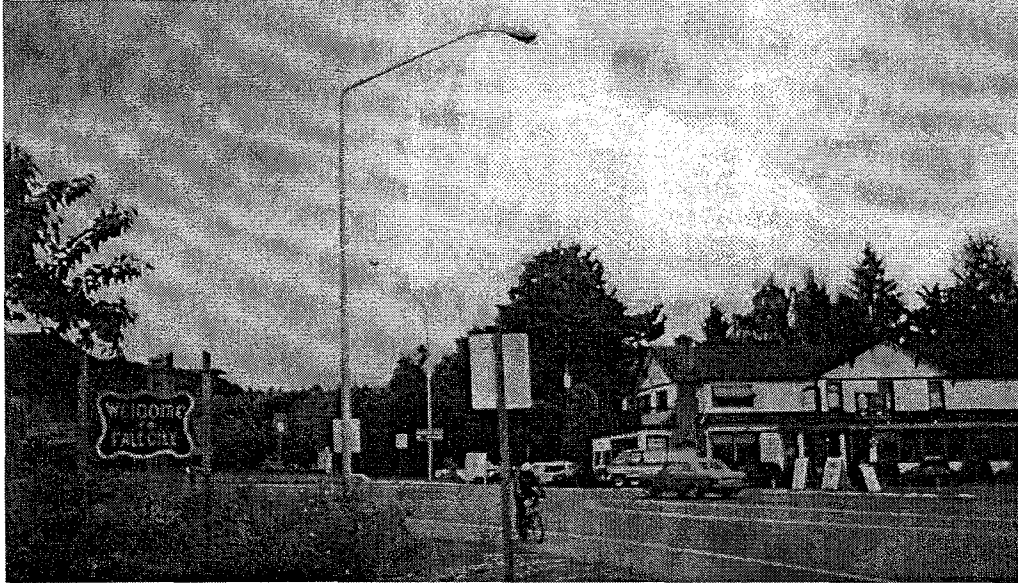


C-2 King County should study measures to control traffic and increase pedestrian safety in Fall City.

C-3 King County should develop a neighborhood traffic safety program for Fall City.

C-4 The Washington State Department of Transportation's proposal to install two roundabouts in Fall City should be evaluated.

The Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT) has started to design two traffic roundabouts, at the intersection of SR 202 and SR 203 and at the intersection of SR 202 and the Preston-Fall City Road. WSDOT is in close communication with KCDOT regarding this project.

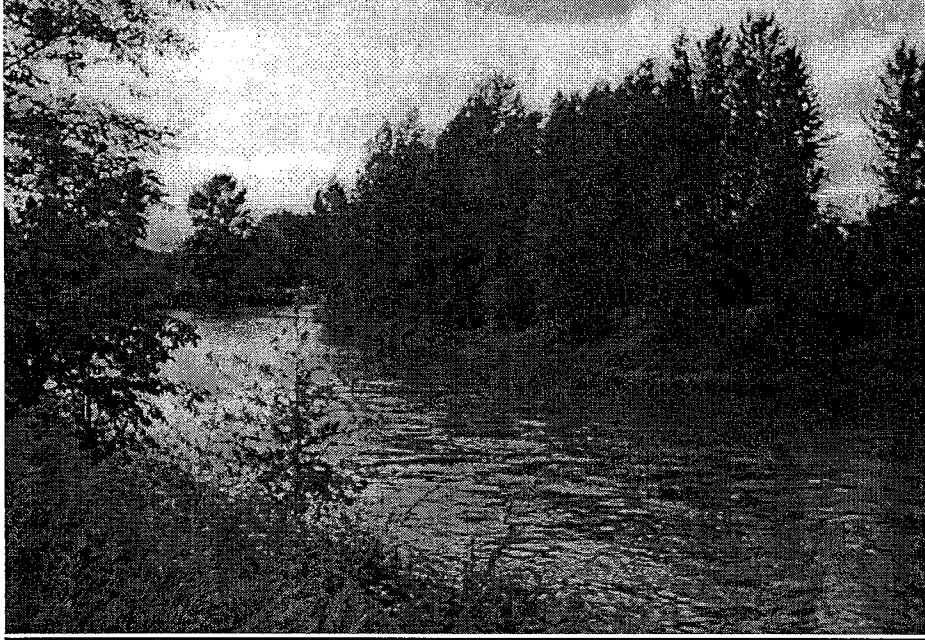


C-5 There should be a more aggressive enforcement program to prevent heavy trucks from driving through Fall City to circumvent the weighing station at Interstate 90.

The King County Sheriff's Office and the Washington State Patrol are aware of this problem and will do what they can with the resources that they have to address this problem.

C-6 King County should develop a scenic drive program and the Preston-Fall City Road should be considered for designation as a "Scenic Drive".

The King County Department of Transportation is reviewing scenic drive programs from other jurisdictions and will develop a scenic drive program for consideration by the King County Council. The Preston-Fall City Road should be evaluated against the adopted criteria for this program, if established.



Environmental Protection

E-1 King County should play an active role in State Watershed Analysis studies of the Raging River Basin and support forest management prescriptions that will minimize downstream flooding, sedimentation and improve fisheries habitat conditions in the lower reaches of the basin.

King County's Department of Development and Environmental Services (DDES) and Department of Natural Resources (DNR) continue to play active roles in this regard by participating in studies and monitoring of activities covered by forest practices permits, etc.

E-2 King County should play a more active role in controlling surface water runoff from logging and development activities.

DDES enforces the county's development regulations. DDES currently monitors only Forest Practice Permits for conversion of forested land into other uses in conjunction with a clearing and grading permit or other type of development permit. DDES is waiting for final approval of their request to the Washington State Department of Natural Resources to be able to administer all types of Forest Practice Permits in the urban area of King County. A change in state law would be required to allow local governments to have control over all Forest Practice Permits in timberland areas. The Surface Water Manual adopted by the King County Council in 1998 provides improved regulations for controlling surface water runoff.

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Appendix A

GMUAC Proposed Amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan Policies

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Appendix A

GMUAC Proposed Amendments to the King County Comprehensive Plan Policies

The Proposed Amendments to the text and five existing King County Comprehensive Plan policies regarding Fall City follows (new wording is underlined and those portions of the existing policy language that are proposed to be deleted are in strikeout form):

The Fall City policies in this section were revised through a subarea planning process involving members of the Fall City community in 1998 and 1999. Through this planning process, the Citizens Advisory Committee identified the following elements that local residents value about their town:

- It is surrounded by agricultural and forest lands which are entirely rural;
- It has a pattern of development that has evolved over more than a century, which includes historic buildings and landmarks, an open spacing of streets and buildings, and locally owned businesses in a small-scale downtown;
- It is located in a unique geographic area formed by the confluence of two important salmon-bearing rivers, the Raging River and the Snoqualmie River, in an agricultural valley containing a number of other salmonid streams that are also important to the ecology of King County;
- Compatible home occupations and small-scale animal husbandry in harmony with residential neighborhoods;
- Rural-level street improvement (e.g., no traffic lights, no sidewalks outside the business district, and no street lights except as needed for public safety;
- Scenic vistas, open space, and rural and resource uses surrounding Fall City;
and
- Small rural town identity.

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CP-929 Fall City is an unincorporated rural town (~~(--Fall-City)~~) which should have overall densities of one to four dwelling units per acre. ((, and appropriate)) Potential commercial zoning adopted in the 1999 Fall City Subarea Plan may be actualized through an area-wide rezone initiated by the King County Council once alternative wastewater treatment systems or public sewers are available (~~((to recognize existing business uses in the downtown area))~~).

CP-930 The zoning for Fall City adopted in the 1999 Fall City Subarea Plan reflects the community's strong commitment to its rural character, ~~((and))~~ recognizes existing uses, provides for limited future commercial development, and respects natural features. Additionally, it recognizes the current and long-term foreseeable rural level of utilities and other public services for the area. ~~((Based on these factors, the Rural Town boundaries should be reduced to eliminate the area designated as Urban Reserve and generally follow the Snoqualmie River on the north, the Raging River on the east and southeast, the Issaquah-Fall City Road on the south, 324th Ave SE on the northwest, and SE 44th St, 328th Pl. SE, and the property lines of parcel number 1524079014 on the southwest.))~~ The land use implications of a major change in water supply or a public health requirement for community-wide wastewater collection and treatment ~~((facilities))~~ may be evaluated in a new community-based planning process; however this does not mean that zoning will be changed to allow more intense development beyond that adopted in the 1999 Fall City Subarea Plan. The rural character of Fall City should be preserved.

*Note: Prior to the adoption of this plan, the Executive may recommend a land use and zoning amendment for the western parcel of the Herbfarm in the event that both of the Herbfarm parcels are no longer under common ownership or the pending building permit for this site is terminated.

CP-931 ~~((Low-density multifamily development in Fall City may occur when adequate public services are available. (SQP 90)))~~ Within the residential area of Fall City, compatible home occupations and small-scale agricultural pursuits or similar rural land uses can continue.

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CP-932 Zoning for the existing (~~commercial, areas within Fall City, from 334th Pl. SE east fronting on the south side of SR-202, and fronting on either side of Preston-Fall City Road from SR-202 south to SE 43rd Pl., plus the welding shop, and U.S. Post Office~~), industrial and office areas adopted in the 1999 Fall City Subarea Plan should be maintained but not expanded. Potential Commercial zoning may be realized at such time as alternative wastewater treatment systems or public sewers are available.

CP-943 ((Existing roads in the commercial area of Fall City shall be upgraded to commercial standards. Fall City businesses should establish a road improvement district for improving vehicular circulation and pedestrian amenities. (SQP-135))) King County should work with the State of Washington and the Fall City community to make transportation improvements in Fall City that will favor safe and pleasant pedestrian and other non-motorized links between downtown businesses, the residential areas, and nearby King County Parks, and safe walkways to schools, rather than rapid through traffic.

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Appendix B

**Review of the Recommendations of the King County Executive
and the Fall City Citizens Advisory Committee for the Fall City
Subarea Plan.**

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Appendix B

REVIEW OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE KING COUNTY EXECUTIVE AND THE FALL CITY CITIZENS ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR THE FALL CITY SUBAREA PLAN.

The Executive's recommendations embrace the vast majority of the recommendations provided by the Fall City Citizens Advisory Committee (CAC). See the matrix on pages B-3 through B-6 for a side-by-side list of the subarea plan recommendations from the Executive and the CAC.

The following items contained in the CAC's recommendations will be considered in other forums:

- Change the "Urban" Shoreline Management designation to "Rural" along the south side of the Snoqualmie River in Fall City: This will be assessed during the county-wide revision and incorporation of the Shoreline Master Program into the King County Comprehensive Plan.
- Protect forest land around Fall City by rezoning from RA-5 to RA-20: This will be assessed in the 2000 update of the King County Comprehensive Plan.
- Establish an Unincorporated Area Council for the Fall City area: This must be initiated and voted on by local residents.

The Executive's recommendations vary somewhat from the CAC's recommendations regarding the following items:

- Eliminate all of the Urban Reserve and rezone it RA-5: The Executive's proposal would eliminate all of the Urban Reserve and rezone the majority of it to RA-5.*
- Reduce the Rural Town boundaries of Fall City to exclude all of the former Urban Reserve area: The Executive's proposal would vary from this only to include one additional parcel within the new boundaries. *
- Revise the amendments of two King County Comprehensive Plan Policies, CP-929 and CP-930, from what the CAC recommended.*

*Note: Prior to the adoption of this plan, the Executive may recommend a land use and zoning amendment for the western parcel of the Herbfarm in the event that both of the Herbfarm parcels are no longer under common ownership or the pending building permit for this site is terminated.

The Executive's subarea plan proposal does not include the following CAC recommendations:

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- Eliminate potential zoning for two mineral extraction sites: The Growth Management Act requires that the county identify adequate areas for mineral extraction, the potential zoning gives public notice of where these sites are located, and there are certain protections and a public review process involved in rezoning and developing these sites (public hearings, environmental review, development regulations, etc.).
- Increase law enforcement staffing for the Fall City area: Additional staffing is not warranted at this time.

The Executive's recommendations include revised wording for two of the five amended comprehensive plan policies that the CAC proposed. The policies were revised to better fit the format of the King County Comprehensive Plan.

- CP-929--The list of community values developed by the CAC for this policy was removed from the policy and placed as introductory text in the King County Comprehensive Plan for the policies relating to Fall City.
- CP-930—All except the last two sentences of the CAC's recommended policy were retained unchanged.

MATRIX OF RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE FALL CITY SUBAREA PLAN

Issue	Citizens Advisory Committee's Recommendations	Executive's Recommendation
Town Boundaries	Eliminate the Urban Reserve area and reduce the Rural Town boundaries of Fall City accordingly.	Concur, also modify the new boundary to include the western parcel of the Herbfarm site to avoid creation of a nonconforming use. *Note: Prior to the adoption of this plan, the Executive may recommend a land use and zoning amendment for the western parcel of the Herbfarm in the event that both of the Herbfarm parcels are no longer under common ownership or the pending building permit for this site is terminated.
Zoning	Change UR to RA5	Concur, also rezone the western parcel of the Herbfarm to R-4 to match the rest of the site and be consistent with the R-4 zoning of the residential area within the new Rural Town boundaries of Fall City. *See note above for town boundaries recommendation.
	Amend R-4 zoning regulations to delete minimum and maximum density regulations of R-4 zoning within a rural town.	Concur.
	Amend zoning code to allow livestock in rural town.	Concur. Expand this to include some of the urban zones and address this entire issue via the large livestock ordinance.
	King County should decide zoning for the Bernard Development Company's property.	Retain CB zoning and let existing regulations and State Environmental Protection Act (SEPA) review regulate potential uses.
	Rezone the R-12 parcels (includes an old mobile home park) to R-4.	Concur. The county's zoning regulations will allow the existing mobile home park to continue.
	Eliminate the potential commercial zoning.	Concur.
	Rezone the KC road maintenance yard from Office to R-4.	Concur. The road maintenance yard is an allowed use in the R-4 zone. Part of the yard is already zoned R-4.
	Study possible creation of a core landmark district and historic preservation district.	Concur.
	Establish a Rural Conservation District for the greater Fall City area.	Concur. Develop a rural protection program which addresses such issues as rural landscape, signs, vistas, historic landmarks, design standards (building and infrastructure), and land use controls.
	Eliminate potential zoning for the Raging River mineral extraction site.	Do not concur. Let rezone and State Environmental Protection Act (SEPA) process determine outcome.
	Eliminate potential zoning for the Weyerhaeuser mineral extraction site NE of town.	Do not concur. Let rezone and State Environmental Protection Act (SEPA) process determine outcome.
Utilities	Do not develop a public sewer system for the residential part of Fall City,	Concur.

Issue	Citizens Advisory Committee's Recommendations	Executive's Recommendation
	Investigate feasibility of alternate sewage disposal methods for business district.	Concur, subject to initiation and financing by business and commercial property owners. On-site septic systems, community drainfields, or alternative treatment technologies are the preferred methods for wastewater treatment and disposal. Consistent with King County Comprehensive Plan Policy F-3313 and King County Code 13.24.124, public sewers may be allowed to serve the Fall City business district.
Parks & Trails	Expand soft surface pedestrian, equestrian, and bicycle trails.	Concur. The Parks and Recreation Department will address this as part of their on-going efforts and some results could occur within a one-year timeframe. These potential actions include, but are not limited to: reconveyance of land owned by the Washington State Department of Natural Resources for use as parks, trails, and open space; development of existing county owned park land in the Fall City area for parks, open space, and trails; and conversion of Washington State Trust Lands for county parks and recreational uses. There is a process for requesting reconveyance or conversion of state owned lands for county parks, open space, and trail purposes and the Parks Dept. has adequate staffing to focus on potential land transactions within the Fall City area without additional funding. The Parks Dept. also updates their trail and parks plan periodically and amends their capital improvements program accordingly. New funds would be required to acquire new parcels for use as open space, parks, or trails and to develop new parks and trails. Additional study and community input would be necessary to determine the extent and nature of such acquisitions and improvements.
	The county should help facilitate resolution of the Raging River Trail issue.	King County should conduct a trail feasibility study for the Preston-Fall City corridor which reviews options and recommends ways to connect Fall City to the Snoqualmie Valley Trail and the Preston- Snoqualmie Trail.
	Provide more passive use parks.	Concur. See recommendation above regarding trails.
	Preserve views corridors and open space.	Concur. This issue should be considered in the rural conservation district study.
Transportation	Develop new rural road standards.	Concur, King County should consider developing new rural road standards. This is a countywide issue and cannot be changed throughout the adoption of the Fall City Subarea Plan. King County currently has limited Rural Road standards. Broader development of rural road standards is under consideration.
	Study traffic calming measures.	Concur. The 1999 King County Department of Transportation Road Services Division's Capital Improvement Program budget approved by the King County Council, earmarked \$350,000 for Fall City in the Division's Neighborhood Enhancement Program. The Division is planning to begin working with the Fall City area citizens in the summer of 1999 to establish a Citizens Advisory Group to help identify and prioritize the traffic and pedestrian safety needs within the community. By the fall of 1999, a list of projects will be compiled and the Division would begin to construct needed improvements.
	Develop neighborhood traffic safety programs.	Concur. See recommendation above for traffic calming measures.
	Evaluate WSDOT recommendation to install two roundabouts.	Concur. The Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT) has started to design two traffic roundabouts, one for the intersection of SR 202 and SR 203 and the other one at the intersection of SR 202 and the Preston-Fall City Road. WSDOT has requested funding to complete the design work and construct the two roundabouts during the 1999-2000 Washington State fiscal biennium. As part of this project, WSDOT also plans to reconstruct the sidewalk on the south side of SR 202 within the Fall City business district. WSDOT will conduct community meetings in Fall City to invite public comment on this project and will work in cooperation with King County Department of Transportation (KCDOT).

Issue	Citizens Advisory Committee's Recommendations	Executive's Recommendation
	State Patrol and KC Sheriff should start a more aggressive enforcement program to prevent heavy trucks from circumventing the weighing station at I-90.	Concur. The Washington State Patrol and the King County Sheriff are aware of this problem and will do what they can to address it within the resources available to them.
	King County should develop a scenic drive program and Preston-Fall City Road should be considered for designation as a "Scenic Drive."	Concur. King County Department of Transportation (KCDOT) and Department of Development and Environmental Services (DDES) are currently reviewing scenic drive programs from other jurisdictions to develop a proposal for a King County scenic drive program. If the King County Council adopts a scenic drive program, the Preston-Fall City Road should be evaluated to see if it meets the criteria for designation.
Law Enforcement	Increase law enforcement staffing.	Do not concur. Additional law enforcement staffing for the Fall City area does not appear to be warranted at this time. There are a limited number of officers available and they are placed into districts based on a number of factors, including "calls for service". Would need an increase in the overall staffing numbers in order to increase staffing numbers in specific areas like Fall City. The Sheriff's Office staffs according to workload (dispatched calls for service) and officer safety considerations. The size and boundaries of patrol districts are determined by looking at the dispatched calls for service and safety considerations. There will always be one patrol deputy per shift assigned to Fall City; what will differ over time is the size of the patrol district for which that deputy is responsible in addition to Fall City itself. Fall City is located within the C-2 patrol district. This district is staffed on all shifts. There is a patrol officer and a "storefront officer"/ detective assigned to Fall City now who works M-F, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. He has the authority to flex his schedule to address problems or attend meetings in the community. Since his duties take him into the community, he would not necessarily be in the storefront during these hours. They are currently budgeted for one officer in each of the three shifts, plus the storefront deputy, the detective, and sufficient backfill for absences (e.g., sick leave, vacation, and military leave).
Shoreline Designations	Change the "Urban" to "Rural" along Snoqualmie River.	Assess this in the upcoming countywide revision of the King County Shoreline Master Program, tentatively scheduled to begin in the year 2000.
Special Recommendations	Protect forest land around Fall City by rezoning from RA-5 to RA-20.	This issue will be assessed in the 2000 King County Comprehensive Plan update.
	The county should play an active role in State Watershed Analysis studies of the Raging River Basin and support forest management prescriptions that will minimize downstream flooding, sedimentation and improve fisheries habitat conditions.	Concur. King County Department of Development and Environmental Services (DDES) and Department of Natural Resources (DNR) continue to play active roles in this regard (participation in studies and monitoring of activities covered by forest practices permits, etc.).

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Issue	Citizens Advisory Committee's Recommendations	Executive's Recommendation
	King County should play a more active role in controlling surface water runoff from logging and development activities.	Concur. King County Department of Development and Environmental Services (DDES) enforces the county's development regulations. DDES currently monitors only Forest Practice Permits for conversion of forested land into other uses in conjunction with a clearing and grading permit or other development permit. DDES is waiting for final approval of their request to Washington State Department of Natural Resources to be able to administer all types of Forest Practice Permits in the urban area of King County. A change in state law would be required to allow local governments to have control over all Forest Practice Permits in timberland areas. The Surface Water Manual adopted by King County Council in 1998 provides improved regulations for controlling surface water runoff. DDES has recently increased its inspection staff.
	Create a UAC for the Fall City area.	Concur. Interested Fall City area residents should pursue this in accordance with Executive Order PRE 7-1 (AEO) which implemented the Citizen Participation Initiative based on policy direction provided by King County Council motion 9643.
Comp Plan Policy Amendments	CP 929: reword	Concur, with revised wording.
	CP-930: reword	Concur, with revised wording.
	CP-931: reword	Concur.
	CP-932: reword	Concur.
	CP-943: reword	Concur.

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Appendix C

Fall City Subarea Plan Citizens Advisory Committee's Recommendations and Map

Appendix C

FALL CITY SUBAREA PLAN CITIZENS ADVISORY COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS AND MAP.

Introduction

At two introductory Fall City Subarea Plan community meetings in Fall City, DDES staff provided background information, described the proposed subarea plan process, invited public comments on what issues needed to be addressed in the plan, and asked for volunteers to serve on a citizens advisory committee. A total of twenty-six people submitted applications to serve on the committee. Robert Derrick, DDES Director, appointed eleven members and four alternates to the Fall City Subarea Plan Citizens Advisory Committee (CAC).

The Fall City Subarea Plan Citizens Advisory Committee met from October of 1998 through March of 1999. The CAC alternates attended and actively participated in the CAC's meetings.

The CAC's recommendations for revised Rural Town boundaries, proposed land use designations, and area zoning are illustrated on the map, Fall City Area Zoning: Citizens Advisory Committee Proposal, on the page following this introduction to appendix B.

Fall City Subarea Plan Citizen Advisory Committee members:

Glenn Anderson
Carol Detora
Kari Gilje
Steve Greninger
Neal Gronlund
Sue Holbink
James Jones
Leon Noel III
Irene Pike
Matt Travis
Carrie Van Dyck

Alternate CAC members:

Marge Alm
Don Fels
John Lazenby
Ian Macrae

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insert map: Fall City Area Zoning: Citizens Advisory Committee Proposal

FALL CITY SUBAREA PLAN CITIZENS ADVISORY COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATIONS, March 10, 1999:

Community Values and Goals for Fall City

- 1. Fall City is an unincorporated rural town surrounded by agricultural and forest lands. It has a special character and pattern of development that has evolved over more than a century. It is located in a unique geographic area formed by the confluence of two salmon bearing rivers, the Raging River and the Snoqualmie River, in an agricultural valley containing a number of other streams that are very important to the ecology of King County.**

- 2. Local residents have a strong sense of place and cohesive community spirit. The town has a historic density and unique qualities. Fall City residents value the open spaces within the town, historic buildings and landmarks, gardens, rural landscape of the surrounding countryside, livestock, scenic views of the valley and mountains, small rural town identity, and close-knit community interactions. The overriding sentiment expressed throughout the subarea planning process was to preserve the rural character of Fall City and the surrounding area.**

- 3. Community goals include:**
 - Retain the compact, small size of the town.**
 - Protect scenic rural view corridors.**
 - Preserve agricultural and forest areas around Fall City.**
 - Limit future growth within and around the town.**
 - Preserve historic settlement patterns and landmarks.**
 - Retain pasture land and open space within the town.**
 - Maintain a steady population level in Fall City.**
 - Continue the historically low-density residential development pattern in and around Fall City.**
 - Preserve locally owned businesses in a small scale downtown.**

- 4. Public sewers should not be constructed in Fall City. Public sewers are not necessary and are very strongly opposed by local residents, primarily because the availability of sewers would likely lead to unacceptable growth and suburbanization of their small rural town.**

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5. Rural Town Boundaries

The committee recommends that the Urban Reserve area be eliminated and the town boundaries be reduced accordingly. The Urban Reserve designation was predicated on the assumption that public sewers would be needed, and would be available in the near future. This assumption has proven not to be true.

Land Use Designations and Zoning

1. Residential neighborhoods

- a. Eliminate the Urban Reserve area and rezone it RA-5. The Urban Reserve zoning allows one dwelling unit per five acres and the RA-5 zoning would continue that same density. The Snoqualmie Valley Plan foresaw widespread growth in the valley, and anticipated the arrival of public sewers. It further recommended that this geographic area (UR) be designated a potential growth area contingent on the sewers. Recently, the county amended the comprehensive plan and inserted text permitting Urban Reserves to occur in Rural Towns. Such urban zoning designation is seen by the Fall City Subarea Plan Citizens Advisory Committee as inconsistent with the Growth Management Act and it defines an intent for urban growth to occur in the valley. This is in direct conflict with the strong community desire for rural preservation. For this reason, and the clear mandate on sewers, this UR designation must be eliminated.
- b. Amend the zoning code requirements for special conditions for the use of R-4 zoning in Fall City (e.g., for rural towns, eliminate the minimum density requirement and the maximum density option). This amendment was proposed by King County Department of Development and Environmental Services (DDES) and readily accepted by the Citizens Advisory Committee. It will, in effect, make it easier for a property owner to subdivide without being forced to meet minimum density requirements.
- c. Amend the zoning code to allow livestock in a Rural Town when managed according to standards already in the code.
- d. Eliminate the existing R-12 zoning (northeast section of town); rezone it to R-4, provided that the existing mobile home park will be allowed to continue. The current intense density of R-12 would not be approved as a permitted land use under 1999 setback requirements due to the proximity of the property to the adjacent Class II salmonid stream (the Raging River). However,

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the Citizens Advisory Committee wishes to protect the affordable housing the land use currently provides to the community. It is a dilemma. A concern is that the R-12 zoning would allow an apartment complex to be legally constructed on the site if the ownership of the trailer park changes in the future. This threat prompted the Citizens Advisory Committee to advise protecting the current land use but reverting to homes on lots as permitted by the R-4 zone when the current land use discontinues.

- e. Retain the existing CB zoning of two fourplexes located on the west side of the Preston-Fall City Road.

2. Downtown commercial area

- a. Retain existing commercial parcels that are zoned Community Business and are already developed.
- b. Ask King County to determine appropriate zoning for the only commercially zoned site (owned by The Bernard Development Company) in the downtown area which is undeveloped. Some of the factors that the committee wants considered in determining the zoning of this site include: traffic, access, environmentally sensitive areas, location of the property entirely in the floodway, community support for a passive park along the river, view corridors, the tribal significance of the site, and the effect of the Endangered Species Act on the development potential of the property.
- c. Do not expand the commercial area. Eliminate the potential zoning for new commercial sites. Current business septic systems are aging and suspected to be marginal. The Citizens Advisory Committee struggled to find a way to protect these small businesses without resorting to sewer systems (see the committee's recommendation on the business district septic). Expansion of the Fall City business district, given the current situation, certainly does not help the effluent problem of the existing businesses and may compound it. There are also a number of older homes on the "potential" business district street which are historically significant and should be preserved.
- d. Do not rezone sites that have existing businesses but are not zoned commercial. Existing nonconforming businesses exist today on the grace of neighboring property owner tolerance. Converting the zoning on these properties to Community Business gives license for the owner to conduct a new business which could cause a hardship on adjacent landowners and

potentially diminish their land value. There are mechanisms in place today for application for Community Business zoning change which require public notice and public hearings. This public hearing process for applying for and contesting such zoning changes is essential and the Citizens Advisory Committee does not wish to sidestep it.

3. Other nonresidential uses

- a. Retain the existing Industrial zoning for the welding shop and the conditions placed on this use by rezone action 157-80-R (noise, parking, limitations on use, etc.).
- b. Eliminate the existing Office zoning for the King County Road Maintenance facility located south of the downtown area and rezone it R-4. Retain the R-4 zoning for the rest of the property used for this road maintenance facility.
- c. Retain the existing Office zoning for the post office site that is adjacent to the existing commercial area, at the west end of the business district.

Historic Preservation

The county should investigate opportunities for establishment of a core landmark historical district as well as a larger historic conservation district within the Rural Town of Fall City and develop recommendations to define and preserve the historic and rural character of the surrounding area. There is a \$15,000 allocation in the county's 1999 budget for study of a potential historic conservation district in Fall City.

D. Land Use Issues in areas immediately surrounding Fall City

1. Together with the citizens of Fall City, King County should establish a rural conservation district encompassing a much larger area than the Rural Town of Fall City (e.g. similar to the zip code area of 98024 or Fire District No. 127). Successful preservation of the unique rural and historic character of Fall City is largely dependent upon maintaining a harmonious context of compatible land uses around it. There is a history of land use patterns around Fall City that connect the town directly to the natural environment surrounding it. The Rural Conservation District would seek ways to enhance and strengthen that linkage. It will require commitment and resources from the county and the community to study and create the rural conservation district. This is a unique opportunity to establish a pilot program benefiting all of King County.

2. Eliminate potential zoning for the mineral extraction site located northeast of Fall City because it is an environmentally sensitive area, is part of a wildlife corridor protection area, and a mining operation would generate additional heavy truck traffic.
3. Eliminate potential zoning for the mineral extraction site located southwest of Fall City because it has poor access due to steep slopes, is located in the Fall City Water District's wellhead protection area, and a mining operation would generate additional heavy truck traffic.

Utilities

1. Do not develop a public sewer system for the residential sites in Fall City.
2. Investigate the feasibility of alternatives to handle sewage from the downtown business area in the event that existing on-site septic systems are determined to be inadequate. The cost of the system or systems should not result in any cost or charges to residential property owners and the systems should not serve residential zoned property. The owners of businesses and commercial properties in the business district should pay for any alternative system(s) and some of this cost may be defrayed by grants. If feasible, an off-site community drainfield is a preferred alternative.
3. Minimize demand on the public water supply by limiting new development. (Note: Fall City Water District No. 127 has an excellent water system, however, the supply is limited. Based on a rough analysis of existing water rights for the district, it appears that less than 700 more customer equivalent units could be served.)

Parks and Trails

1. King County should recognize that Fall City is a destination area for a variety of recreational activities and that the county should allocate resources to serve these needs.
2. Expand soft surface pedestrian, equestrian, and bicycle trail opportunities serving Fall City.
3. Lack of certification of the Raging River levee has made levee maintenance and public access unclear. King County should help facilitate resolution of this issue.

4. Provide more passive use parks in the Fall City area. Passive use parks are consistent with the rural character of this area.
5. Preserve view corridors and open space in the Snoqualmie Valley area around Fall City.

Transportation

1. Develop new rural road standards that are responsive to rural needs. (King County DOT project.)
2. Study potential traffic calming measures such as roundabouts, raised pedestrian refuge areas, "landing light" crosswalks (similar to ones in Kirkland and Redmond), and landscaping. Develop neighborhood traffic safety programs in Fall City. KCDOT and WSDOT need to work on this with business and property owners. Utilize the information gained from the CAC's walkaround tour of Fall City with the KCDOT staff. Evaluate the WSDOT recommendation for installation of roundabouts at the two major intersections in Fall City
3. The State Patrol and the King County Sheriff should start a more aggressive enforcement program on problem roads. Heavy trucks should be prevented from circumventing the weighing station on Interstate 90.
4. Increase law enforcement staffing in the Fall City area.
5. Designate the Preston – Fall City Road (SR 202) as a "Scenic Drive". A scenic drive is a linear cultural and natural landscape which affords the pleasure of views and vistas along its length.

Shoreline Designations

Change the "Urban" Shoreline Master Plan designation on the south side of Snoqualmie River west of the Preston – Fall City Road to "Rural". (The current designations in Fall City are: "Rural" along the Raging River and a small segment of the south side of the Snoqualmie River east of the Preston – Fall City Road and "Urban" on a small stretch of the south side of the Snoqualmie River between the Preston – Fall City Road and just a little bit west of 42nd St. Other sections of the Snoqualmie River are designated "Conservancy".)

The Committee generally feels that the "Rural" designation is more compatible with the vision they have for the Rural Town of Fall City.

Excerpt from King County Code, Shoreline Management, Title 25:**“RURAL SHORELINE ENVIRONMENT**

25.20.010 Purpose. The purpose of designating the rural environment is to restrict intensive development, function as a buffer between urban areas, and maintain open spaces and opportunities for recreational uses, within the ecological carrying capacity of the land and water resource. New developments in a rural environment should reflect the character of the surrounding area by limiting intensity, providing permanent open space and by maintaining adequate building setbacks from water to prevent shoreline resources from being destroyed for other rural types of uses. (Ord. 3688 § 501, 1978).”

Special Recommendations

- a. According to King County Title 21 A.04.040, the Forest zone is to preserve the forest land base. There is a large contiguous area of forest land to the south and west of Fall City. This land is owned by timber companies or the State of Washington Department of Natural Resources. It shows up on the King County map which illustrates parcels of 50 acres or larger. Most of this land is zoned RA-5. To better reflect the present use of this land and to protect and preserve the future forest use of this area, it should be zoned F or RA-20. The present zoning will just encourage abandonment of forest use at the RA-5 zoning encourages break-up of these large parcels into five acre housing estates or the clustering of development as has occurred in the large urban-type developments such as Snoqualmie Ridge.
- b. King County should play an active role in State Watershed Analysis studies of the Raging River Basin and support forest management prescriptions that will minimize downstream flooding, sedimentation and improve fisheries habitat conditions in the lower reaches of the basin.
- c. King County should play a more active role in controlling surface water runoff from logging and development activities.
- d. Create an unincorporated area council (UAC) for the Fall City area. The UAC would provide Fall City with a voice in King County. The UAC could also keep an eye out for potential wastewater solutions for the downtown business district. The UAC would serve Fall City as a continuing forum for discussion of issues which have surfaced during the short Citizen Advisory Committee's subarea planning process.

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FALL CITY SUBAREA PLAN CITIZENS ADVISORY COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDED AMENDMENTS TO THE KING COUNTY COMPREHENSIVE PLAN POLICIES CP-929 THROUGH CP-943

The Citizens Advisory Committee proposes that comprehensive plan policies CP-929 through CP-943 be amended to delete some wording (shown in strikeout form) and add new language (indicated by underlining of the words) as follows:

- CP-929** Fall City is an unincorporated rural town (~~(, the boundary of which currently includes Urban Reserve (UR) zoning. The subarea plan will address land use and zoning for the entire area within the rural town designation.)~~) and surrounding rural area valued by its residents for the following elements:
- a. It is surrounded by agricultural and forest lands which are entirely rural;
 - b. It has a pattern of development that has evolved over more than a century, which includes historic buildings and landmarks, an open spacing of streets and buildings, and locally owned businesses in a small-scale downtown;
 - c. It is located in a unique geographic area formed by the confluence of two important salmon bearing rivers, the Raging River and the Snoqualmie River, in an agricultural valley containing a number of other salmonid streams that are also important to the ecology of King County;
 - d. Compatible home occupations and small-scale animal husbandry in harmony with residential neighborhoods;
 - e. Rural-level street improvement (e.g., no traffic lights, no sidewalks outside the business district, and no street lights except as needed for public safety;
 - f. Scenic vistas, open space, and rural and resource uses surrounding Fall City; and
 - g. Small rural town identity.
- Fall City should have overall residential densities of one to four (~~(to eight)~~) dwelling units per acre, and (~~(new)~~) appropriate commercial zoning (~~(when public sewers are available)~~) to recognize existing nonresidential existing business uses in the downtown area. ~~Until adoption of the subarea plan, the zoning code shall make appropriate reference to Urban Reserve zoning applied to areas in a Rural Town. (SQP 87))~~

- CP-930** (~~Within the Fall City rural town but outside the sewer local service area, development may cluster at one home per 5 acres to provide~~)

the option for higher densities in the future. When public sewers become available, property owners in the 5-acre area may rezone their properties to single-family residential densities of up to eight homes per acre without an amendment to the King County Comprehensive Plan.))

The zoning for Fall City adopted in the 1999 Fall City Subarea Plan reflects the community's strong commitment to its rural character, and recognizes the current and long-term foreseeable rural level of utilities and other public services for the area. Based on these factors, the Rural Town boundaries should be reduced to eliminate the area designated as Urban Reserve and generally follow the Snoqualmie River on the north, the Raging River on the east and southeast, the Issaquah-Fall City Road on the south, 328th Pl. SE, SE 44th St., and 324th Ave. SE on the southwest and west. The land use implications of a major change in the water supply or a public health requirement for wastewater collection and treatment facilities may be evaluated in a new community-based planning process; however this does not mean that zoning will change to allow more intense development. The rural character of Fall City must be preserved. Any future proposed zoning changes in Fall City and the area immediately surrounding it should not be considered without first completing a new Fall City subarea plan. ((SQP 89)))

- CP-931** ((Low-density multifamily development in Fall City may occur when adequate public services are available. (SQP 90))) Within the residential area of Fall City, compatible home occupations and small-scale agricultural pursuits or similar rural land uses can continue.
- CP-932** ((Potential)) Zoning for the existing ((commercial areas)) businesses within Fall City, from 334th Pl. SE east fronting on the south side of SR-202, and fronting on either side of the Preston-Fall City Road from SR-202 south to SE 43rd Pl., plus the welding shop, and U.S. Post Office, should be maintained but not expanded. ((identified in the area zoning adopted in January 1995 may be reclassified when sewer, water, and transportation facilities are available. (SQP 91))) Existing nonconforming business operation shall continue to be permitted but not revised to commercial zoning.
- CP-943** ((Existing roads in the commercial area of Fall City shall be upgraded to commercial standards. Fall City businesses should establish a road improvement district for improving vehicular circulation and pedestrian amenities. (SQP-135))) King County should work with the State of Washington and the Fall City community to make transportation improvements in Fall City that will favor safe and pleasant pedestrian and other non-motorized links between downtown businesses, the residential areas, and

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nearby King County Parks, and safe walkways to schools, rather than rapid through traffic.